

THE CIVIL WAR Part 1

A VOICE FROM THE PAST

"A house divided against itself cannot stand." I believe this government cannot endure, permanently half slave and half free. I do not expect the Union to be dissolved—I do not expect the house to fall—but I do expect it will cease to be divided. It will become all one thing, or all the other.

Abraham Lincoln, Springfield, Illinois, June 16, 1858

THE CIVIL WAR

- More Americans died in the
 - Civil War than in the:
- Revolutionary War
- War of 1812
- Mexican War
- Spanish War
- World War I
- World War II
- Korean War
- Vietnam War
- Gulf War I and Gulf War II

COMBINED



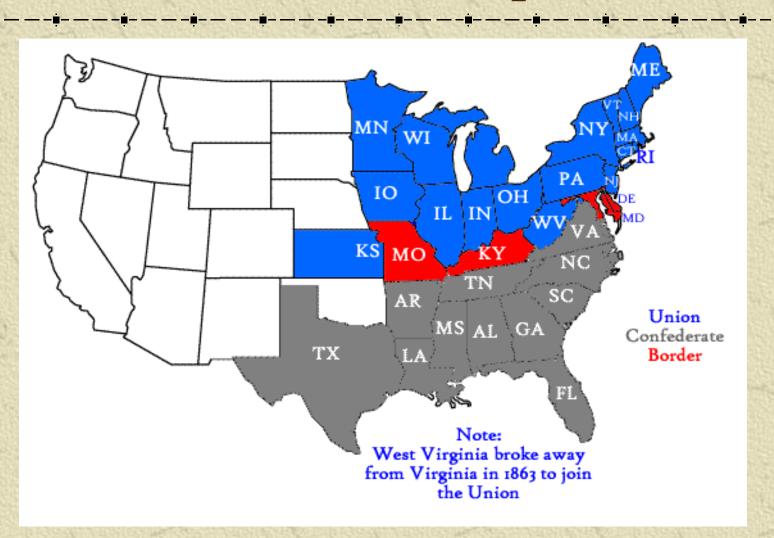
CAUSES OF THE WAR

* Long term issues such as slavery, and states' rights had divided the nation since the founding of the Republic.

* How did the nation avoid civil war in previous decades?

Compromises

Civil War Map



FORT SUMTER

* Located in the harbor of Charleston, the Confederates attacked the federal fort on April 12, 1861. This officially started the war.





NORTH

SOUTH

- * President: Abraham Lincoln
- * Capital: Washington, D.C.
- ***** 24 states
- **22** million people
- **₹** 85% of the factories
- * 71% of railroad mileage
- Commander: <u>Ulysses S.</u>
 Grant
- What inferences can you draw?

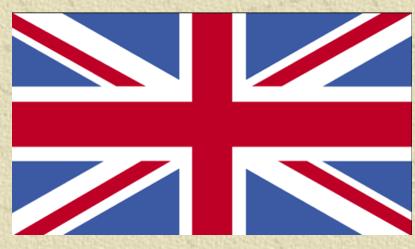
The North should win

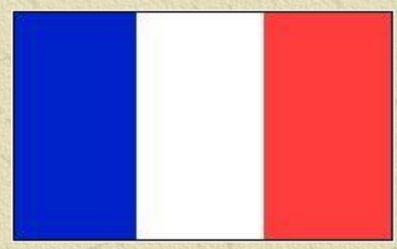
- * President: <u>Jefferson Davis</u>
- * Capital: Richmond, Virginia
- * 11 states
- * 9 million people
- * 3.5 million were slaves
- * 15% of the factories
- * 29% of railroad mileage
- * Commander: Robert E. Lee
- * How can the South possibly win?

Better <u>leadership</u> and greater determination, like the <u>colonists</u> in the Revolutionary War

STRATEGIES FOR VICTORY: SOUTH (CONFEDERACY)

- * The South planned to fight a defensive war—make the North come to them.
- * The South hoped to raise money to fight the war by selling cotton to Europe.
- * This didn't work because the North blockaded the coast and Europe already had a surplus of cotton.

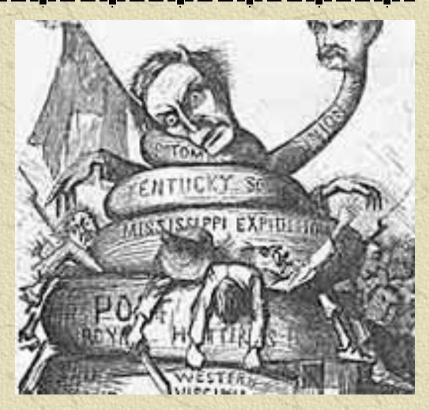




UNION STRATEGY

- 1. <u>Blockade</u> the southern coast
- 2. <u>Gain</u> control of the Mississippi River
- 3. Split the upper and lower south
- 4. Capture Richmond

* The strategy was called the Anaconda Plan.WHY?

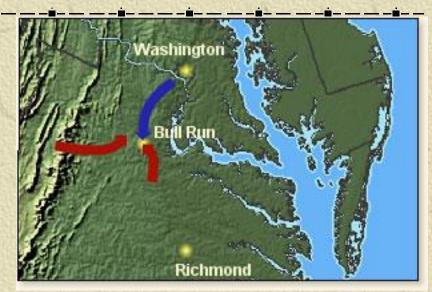


They wanted to surround the South and put the squeeze on them.



THE BATTLE OF BULL RUN

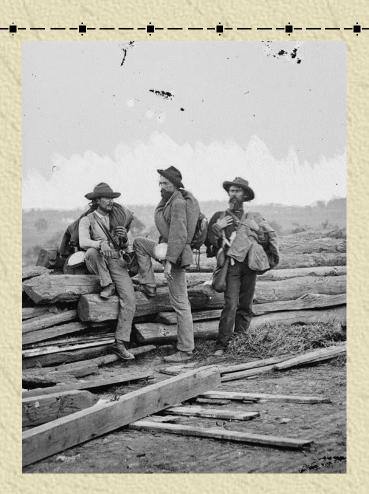
- * Located in northern Virginia.
- ** Led by Thomas "Stonewall" Jackson, the south won the battle.
- * Battle showed that the war would be <u>LONG</u> and <u>BLOODY</u>, not a threemonth war like some thought.





THE CIVIL WAR SOLDIER

- ★ Most were between 18-30.
- * Some as young as 11 and as old as 83 served.
- * Most were farmers.
- * Many were illiterate, especially in the south.
- * Many saw this as an adventure until reality set in.



ARMY LIFE

- * Camps were unsanitary.
- Soldiers fought lice, fleas, dysentery, measles, yellow fever, etc.
- * Bathing and washing was sporadic.
- Diet was limited.



ARMY DISCIPLINE

** Punishment for crimes included wearing signs, balancing weights, late night guard duty, whippings, branding, and execution.



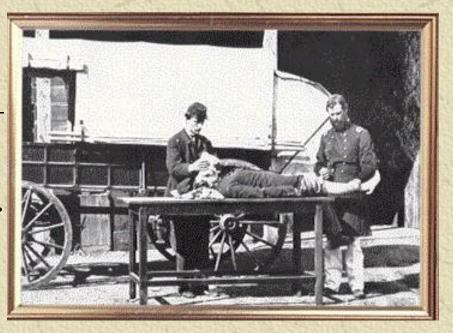




Trial Version

MEDICINE

- **#** Unsanitary
- * Poorly-trained doctors.
- * No modern medicines.
- * Amputation was a common solution for a soldier's wounds.
- * Limited painkillers
- * More died of sickness in the war than being killed in combat.





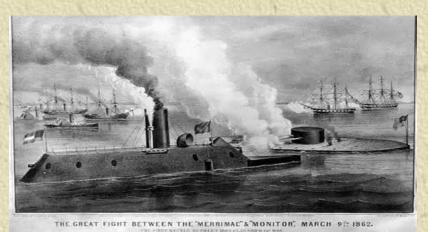


MILITARY TECHNOLOGY

- * Rifles were improved.
- * The development of the minié ball was perhaps the single greatest cause for the number of deaths in the Civil War.
- * It was <u>accurate</u> and destructive.
- Ironclads, warships covered with iron, big improvement over wooden ships



Minié ball



KAHOOT tomorrow

Try your best to bring your own device