

What document first limited the power of the king in the year 1215?

Magna Carta

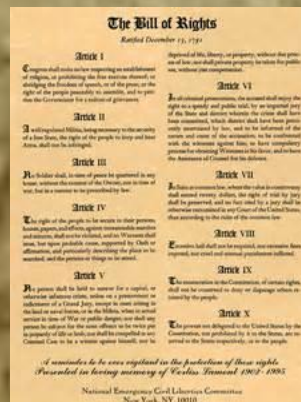


The 1689 agreement to respect the rights of English citizens was known as the...

a. Magna Carta

b. English Bill of Rights

c. English Constitutional Order

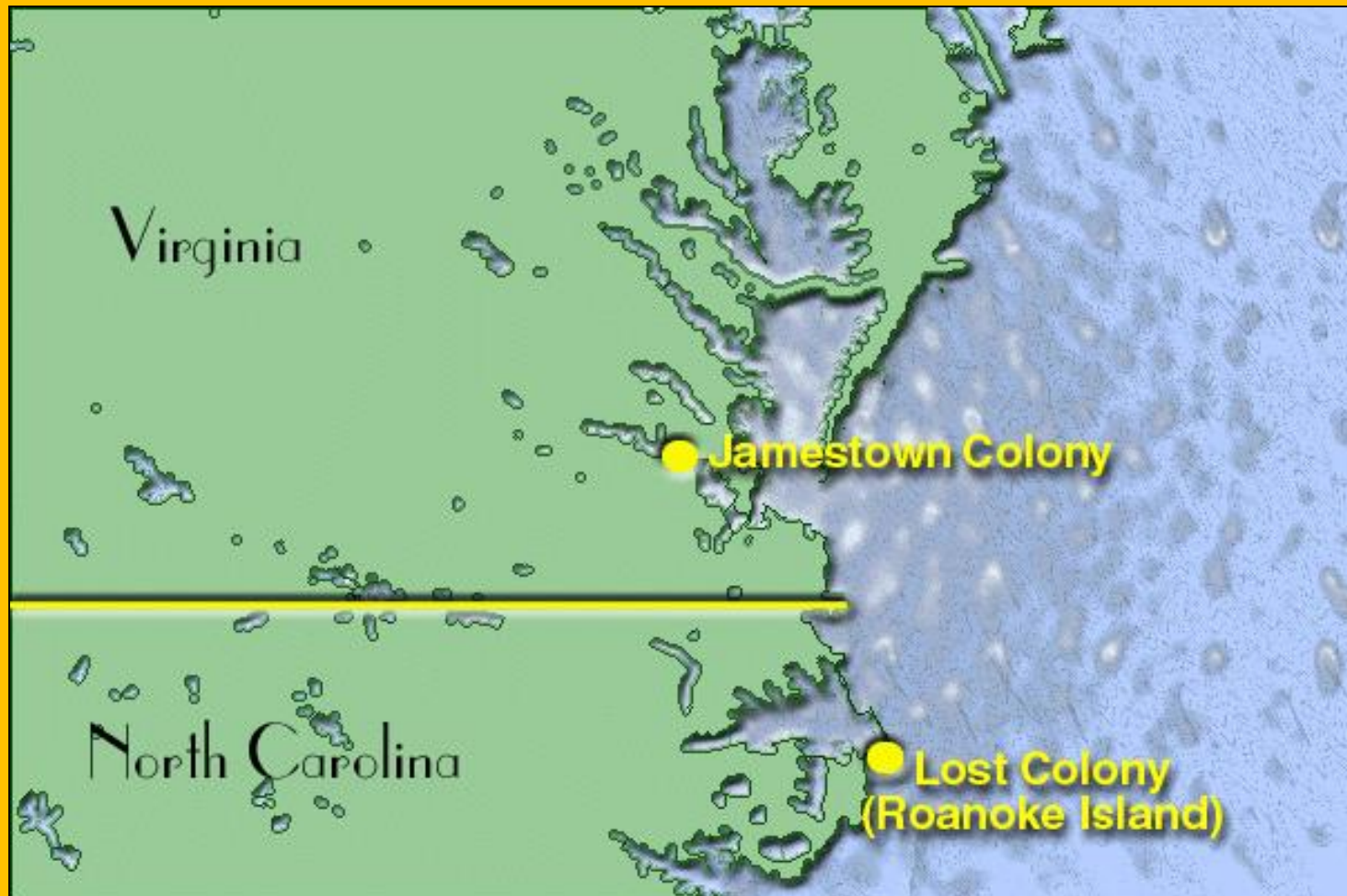


What was the 1st permanent English settlement in the New World?

Jamestown, Virginia



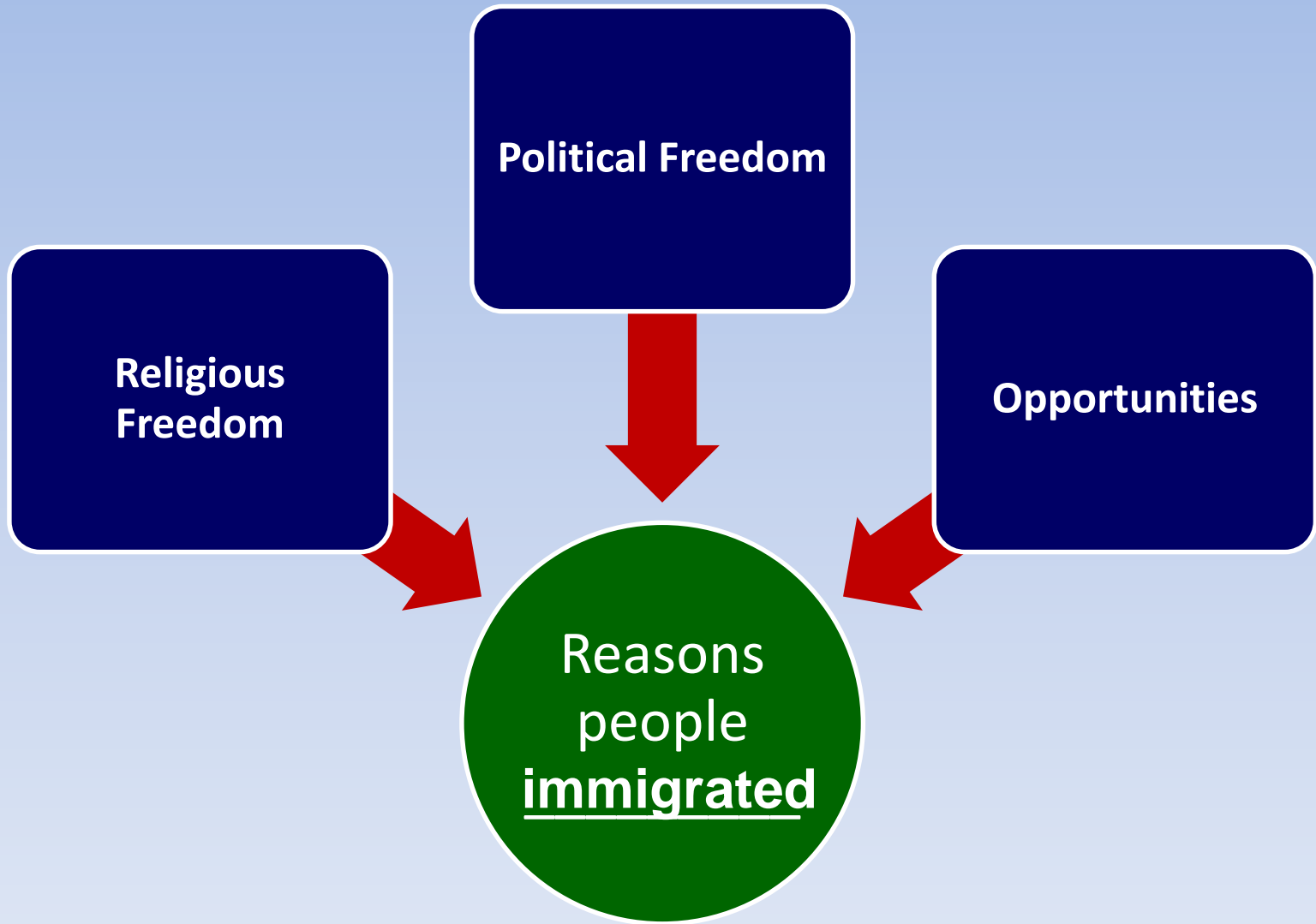
In what year was Jamestown, Virginia founded? 1607



**What crop eventually helped
Jamestown succeed?**

Tobacco



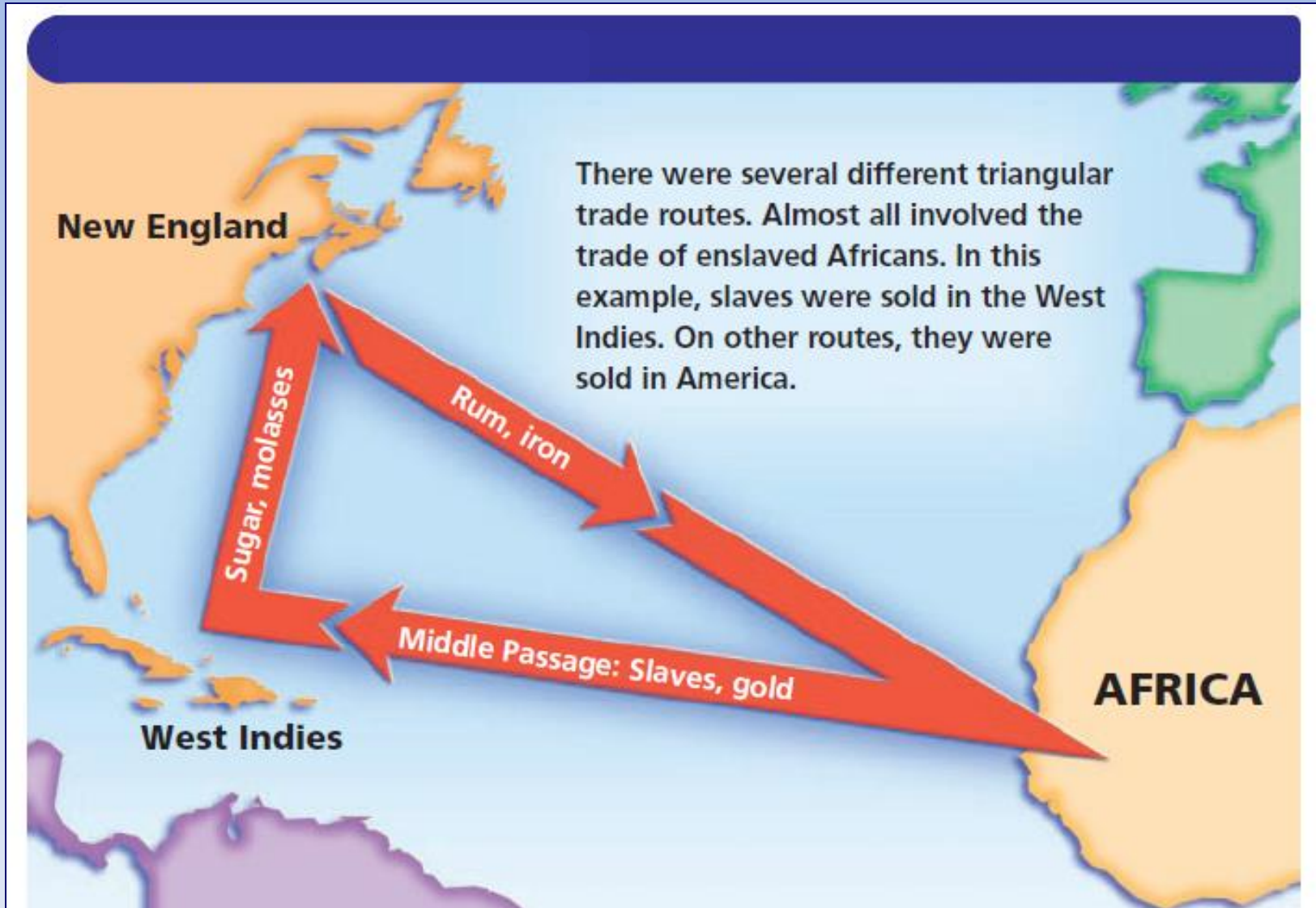


What were businesses in which investors join their money to make a profit?

Joint Stock

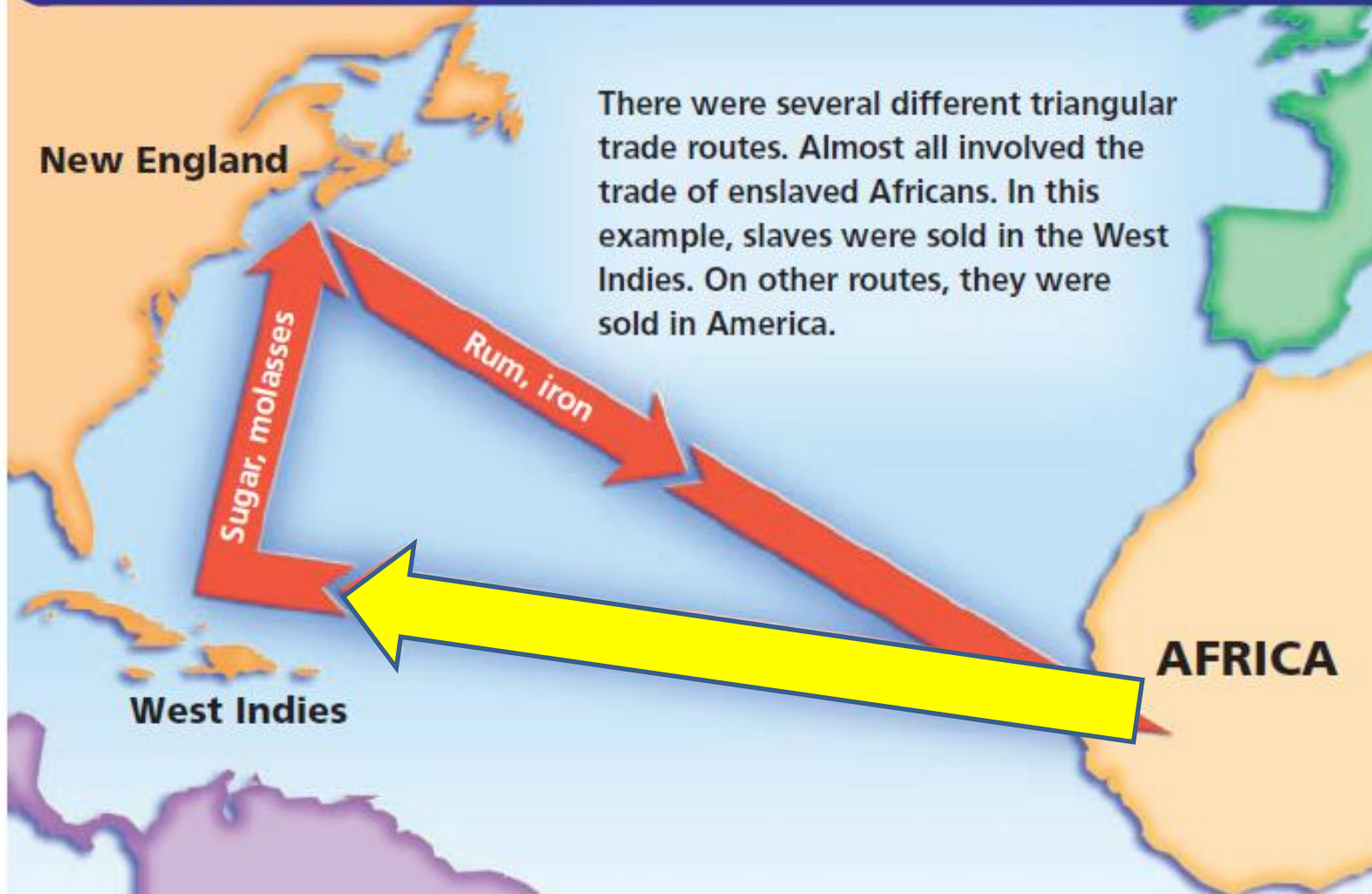


The movement of trade ships between Europe, Africa, and America was known as...



What was the voyage of slave ships from Africa to the Americas called?

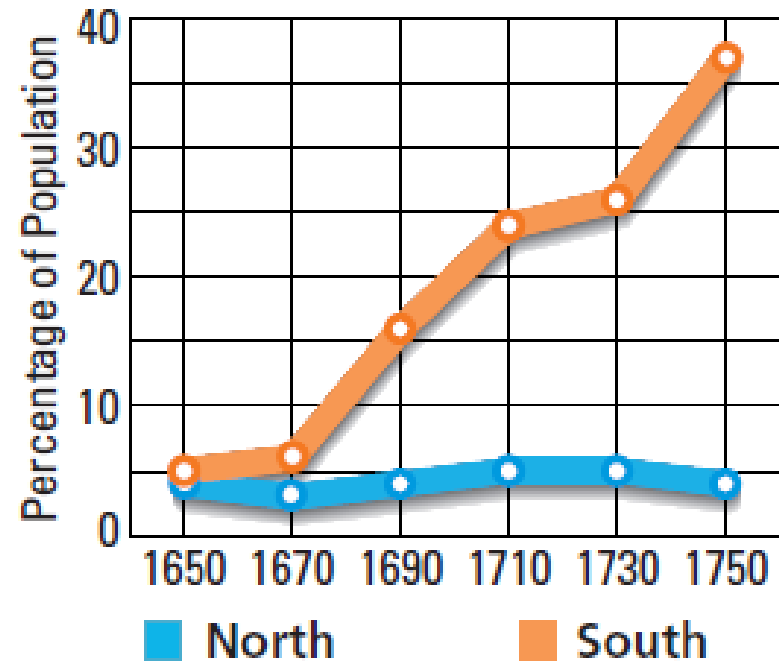
Triangular Trade, 1750



What is the pattern of the slave population in the South from 1670 to 1750?

Increasing

U.S. Slave Population



Source: Fogel and Engerman,
Time on the Cross, 1974

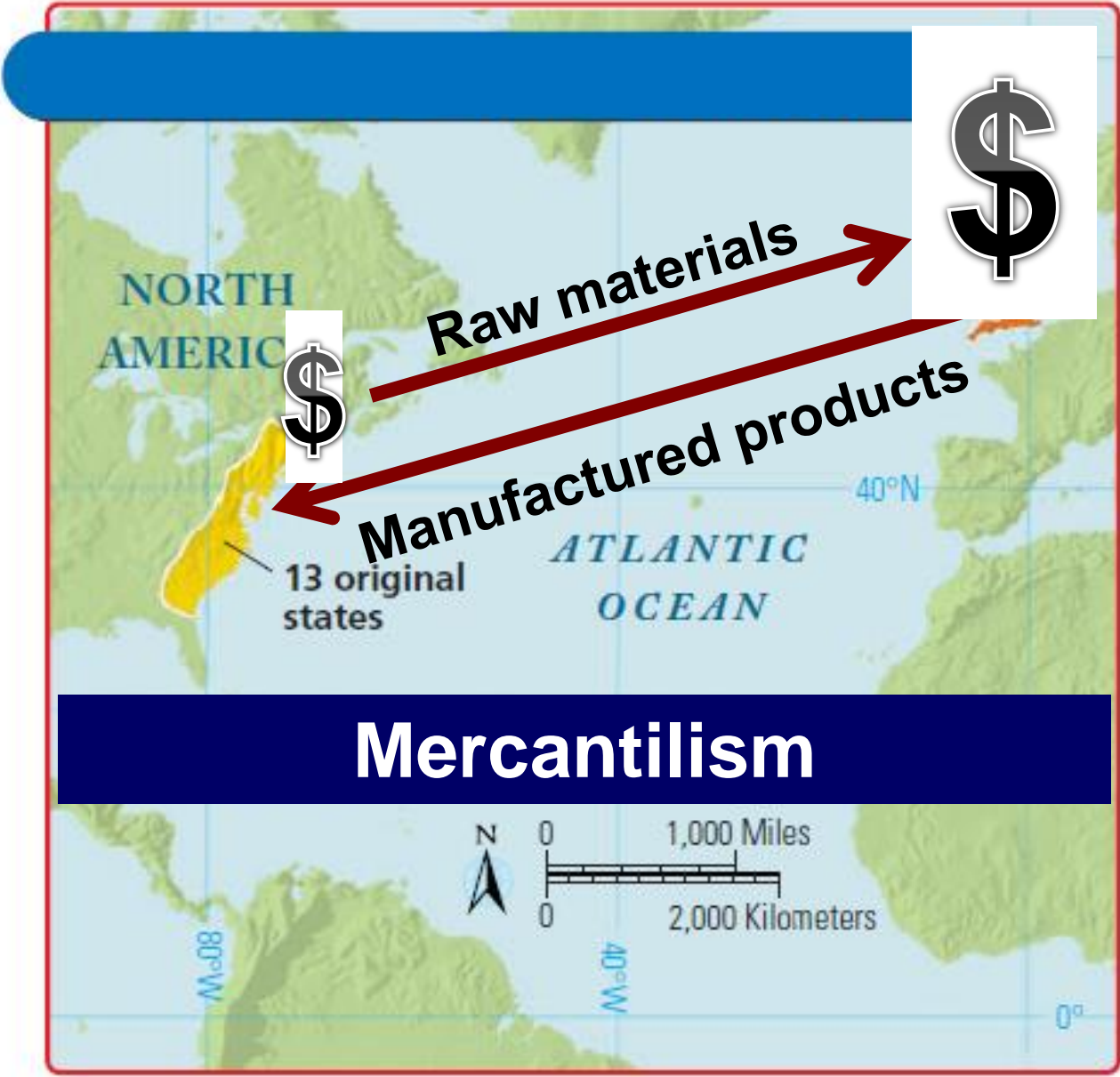
What term refers to the transfer of plants, animals, and diseases between the Western and Eastern Hemispheres?



What term refers to the men and women that sold their labor in exchange for passage to the New World?

Indentured Servants





Mercantilism

**What was the first representative assembly
in the American colonies?
House of Burgesses**



What group founded Plymouth?

Pilgrims



What was the agreement, the Pilgrims signed, to obey the laws for the good of the colony called?
Mayflower Compact

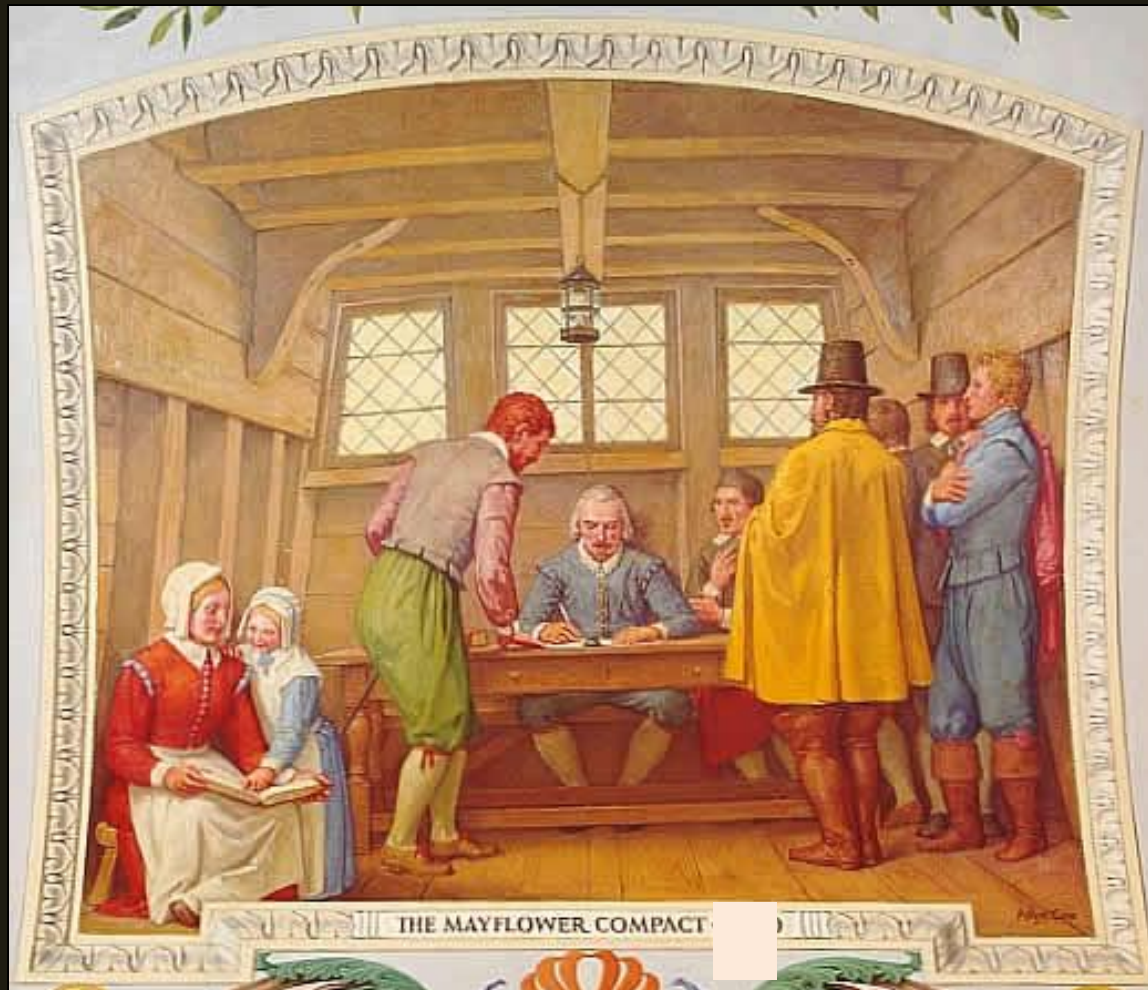
In ye name of God Amen. We whose names are underwritten, the loyall subjects of our dread souveraigne Lord King James, by ye grace of God, of Great Britaine, France, & Ireland King, defender of ye faith, &c.

Having undertaken, for ye glorie of God, and advancemente of ye Christian faith and honour of our king & countrie, a voyage to plant ye first colonie in ye Northerne parts of Virginia, doe by these presents solemnly & mutually in ye presence of God, and one of another, covenant, & combine ourselves together into a Civill body politick; for our better ordering, & preservation & furtherance of ye ends aforesaid; and by vertue hereof to enacte, constitute and frame such just & equall Lawes, ordinances, Acts, constitutions & offices from time to time, as shall be thought most meete & convenient for ye generall good of ye colonie: unto which we promise all due submission and obedience. In witness whereof we have hereunder subscribed our names at Cap=Codd ye -11- of November, in ye year of ye raigne of our souveraigne Lord King James of England, France & Ireland ye eighteenth, and of Scotland ye fiftie fourth. Anno Dom. 1620.

John Cunn	Richard Warren	John Turner	Edmond Margland
William Bradford	John Howland	Thomas Eaton	Peter Bannor
Samuel Winder	Stephen Hopkins	John Clark	Richard Batts
Walter Brewster	Edward Tilly	John Caraboten	Samuel Eaton
Samuel Chilton	John Viles	John Cullerton	Richard Clark
Major Standish	Thomas Locke	Thomas Holsten	Richard Sanderson
John Alden	Thomas Rogers	John Burdman	John Allerton
Samuel Fuller	Thomas Tinker	Robert Hunt	Thomas Taylor
Christopher Mott	John Dighton	Thomas Willson	Edward Doty
William Mullins	Edmund Currier	Edmund Verrison	Edward Stebbins
William White			

In what year was the Mayflower Compact signed?

1620



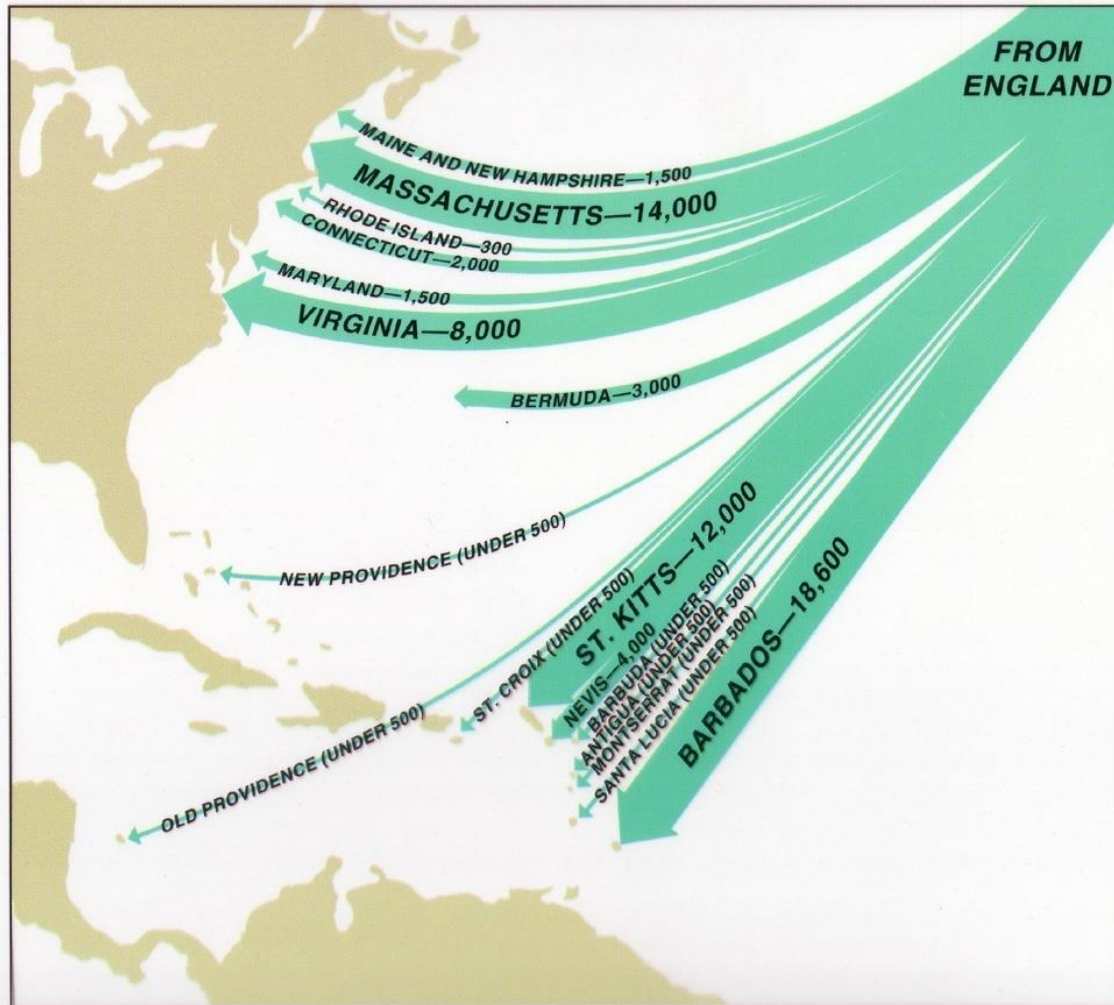
What religious group left England to escape bad treatment by King James I?

(HINT...they wanted to “purify”)

Puritans



The Puritans leaving England became known as the Great Migration.



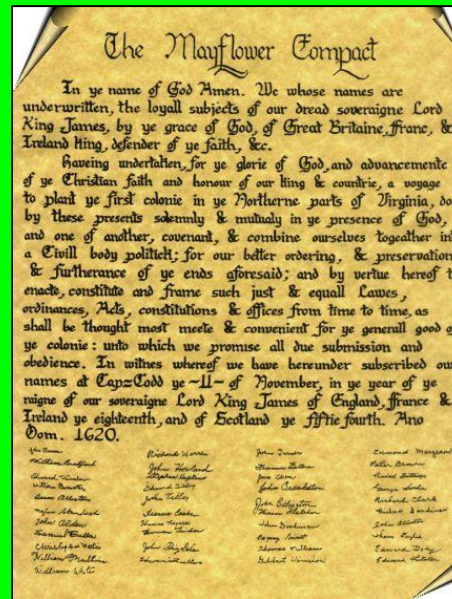
What was the *first written constitution*
in the colonies?

Fundamental Orders of Connecticut (FoC)

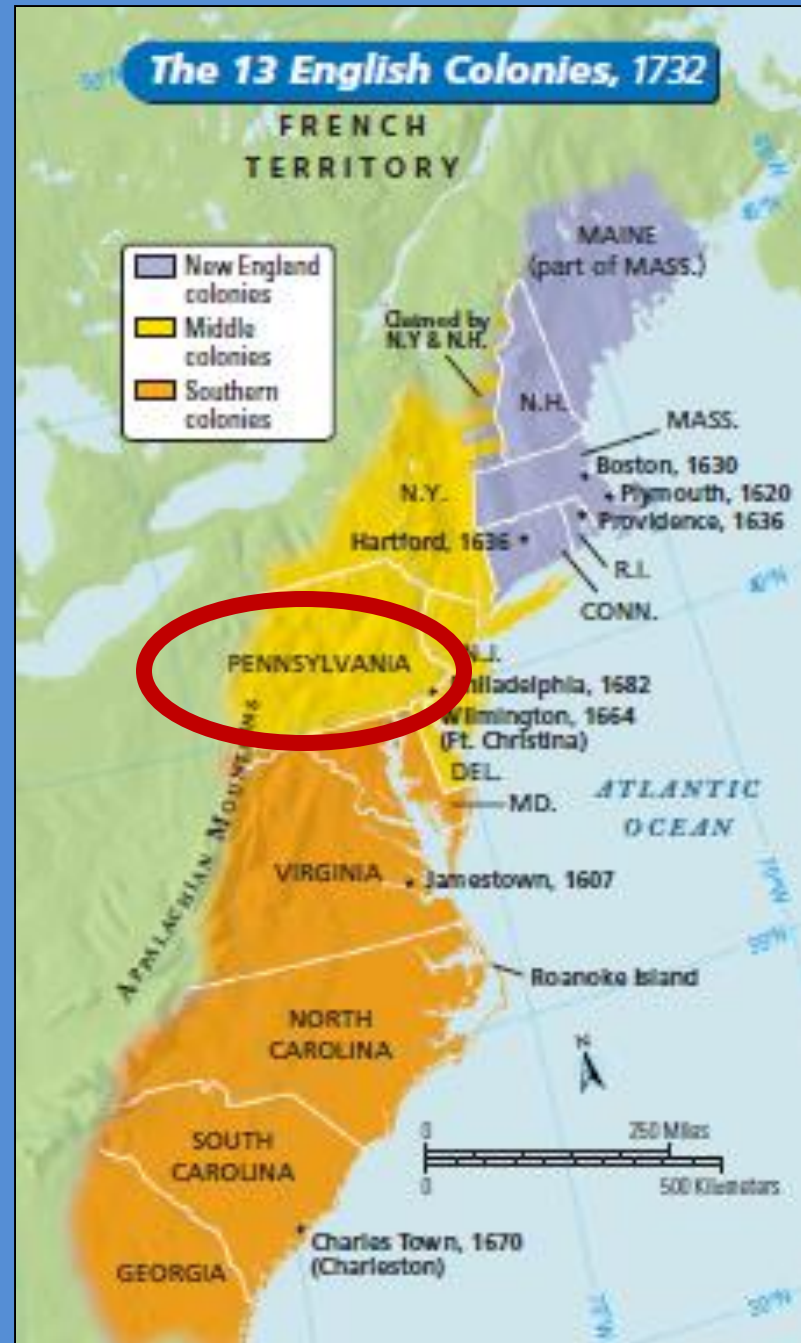


The *House of Burgesses*, the Mayflower Compact, and the Fundamental Orders of Connecticut are all examples of...

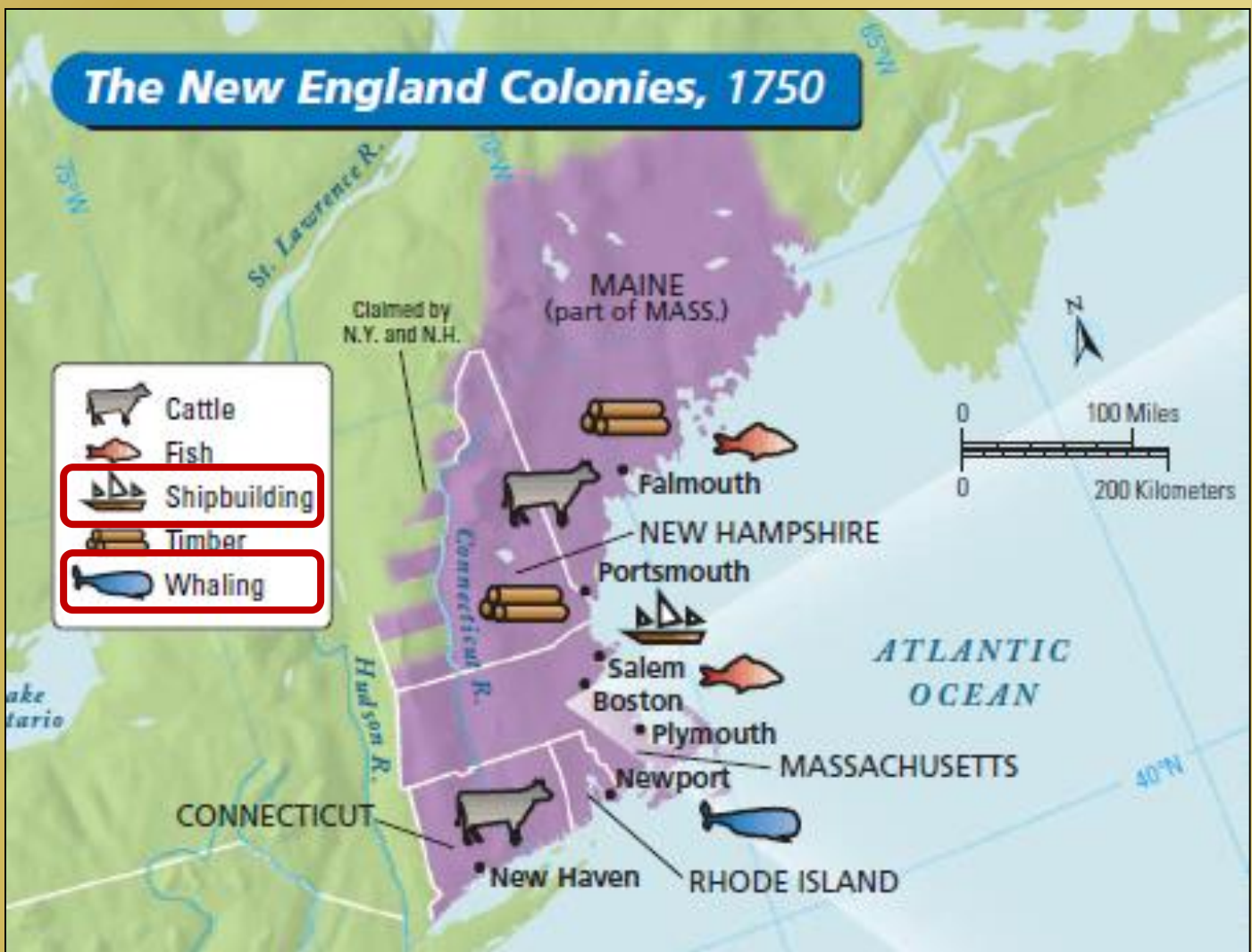
- a. self-government
- b. tyranny
- c. free enterprise



Who founded Pennsylvania? William Penn



What type of economic activity did the people in the New England Colonies rely on?



What type of economic activity did the people in the Middle Colonies rely on?



What type of economic activity did the people in the Southern Colonies rely on?



What is the term to describe when farmers produced just enough food for themselves and sometimes a little extra to trade in town?

Subsistence Farming



**What is the term used to describe
*crops raised to be sold for money?***

Cash Crops



The South's increase in slave labor was a result of an economy based on agriculture.



Slaves in the South worked on large farms called plantations.



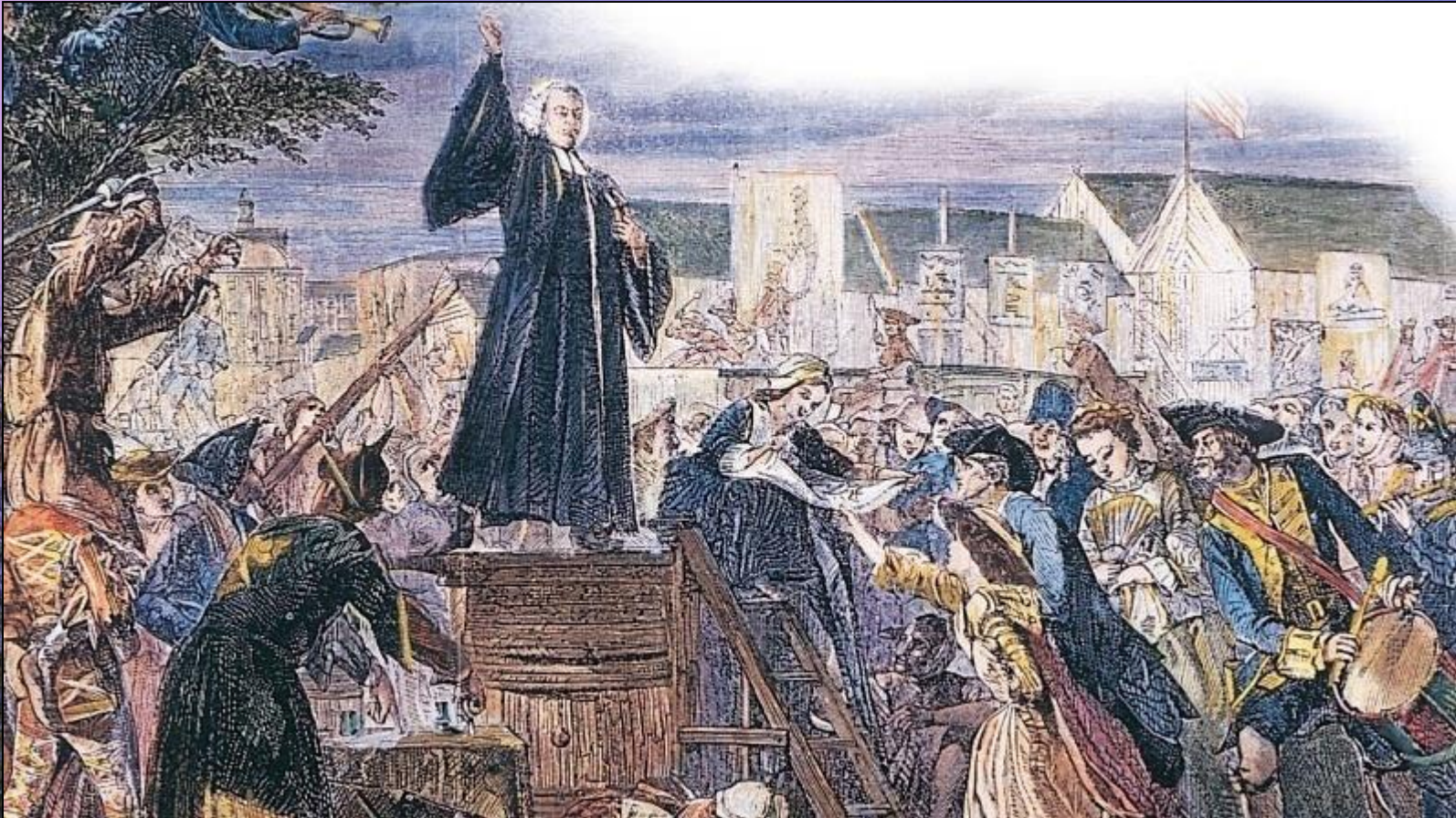
www.culturenorthernireland.org

The Southern plant which produces a deep blue dye is called Indigo.



In the 1730s and 1740s, traveling ministers preached about the importance of religion. This movement was called the

Great Awakening



What English philosopher argued people have natural rights to life, liberty, and property?

HINT: "Lock" up your property!

John Locke

A N
E S S A Y

CONCERNING

Humane Understanding.

In Four BOOKS.

Written by _____, Gent.

The Fourth Edition, with large Additions.

ECCLES. XI. 5.

As thou knowest not what is the way of the Spirit, nor how the bones do grow in the Womb of her that is with Child: even so thou knowest not the works of God, who maketh all things.

Quam bellum est velle confiteri potius nescire quod nescias, quam ista effutientem nauseare, atque ipsum sibi displicere! Cic. de Natur. Deor. l. 1.

L O N D O N :

Printed for *Awnsham* and *John Churchill*, at the *Black-Swan* in *Pater-Noster-Row*; and *Samuel Manslip*, at the *Ship* in *Cornhill*, near the *Royal-Exchange*, MDCC.

What is the name of England's chief lawmaking body?

Parliament

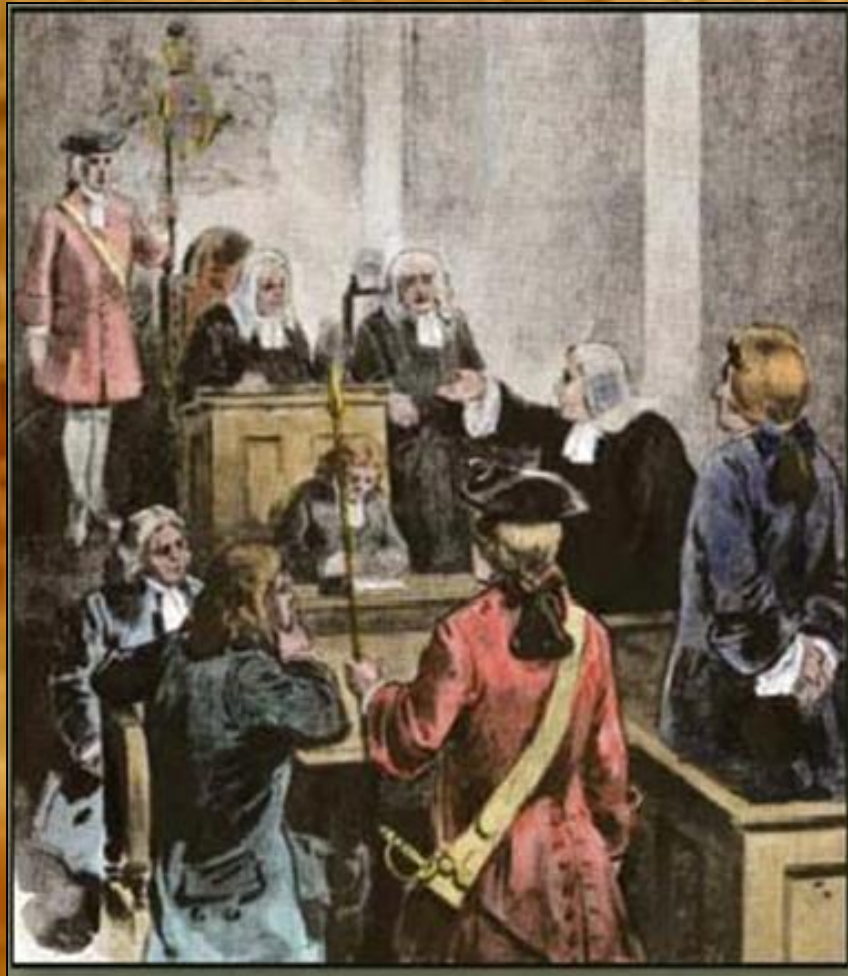


In the first half of the 1700s, England used a hands-off policy in dealing with the colonies known as Salutary Neglect.



Who was the publisher that was arrested for criticizing the Royal Governor of New York?

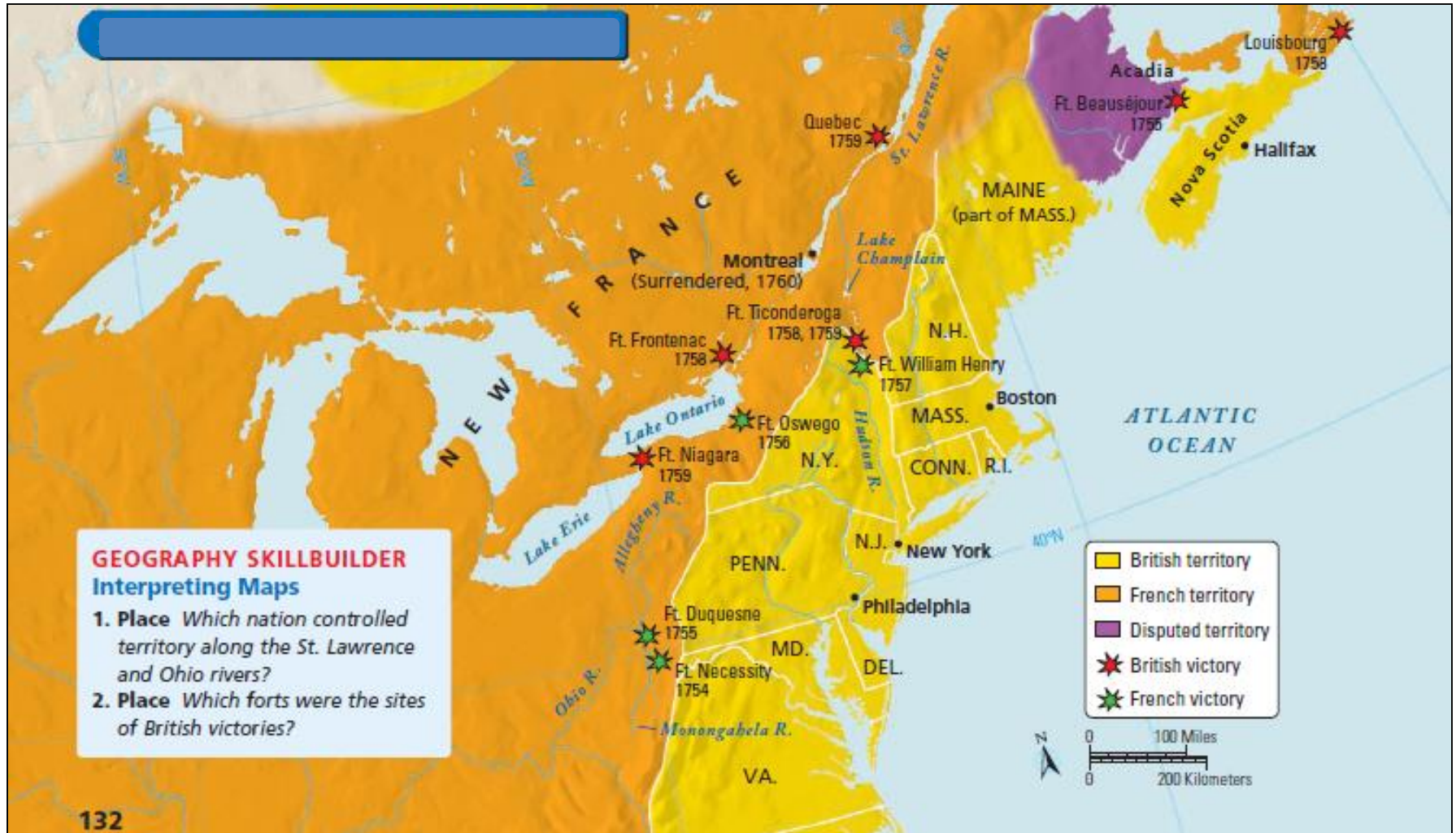
John Peter Zenger



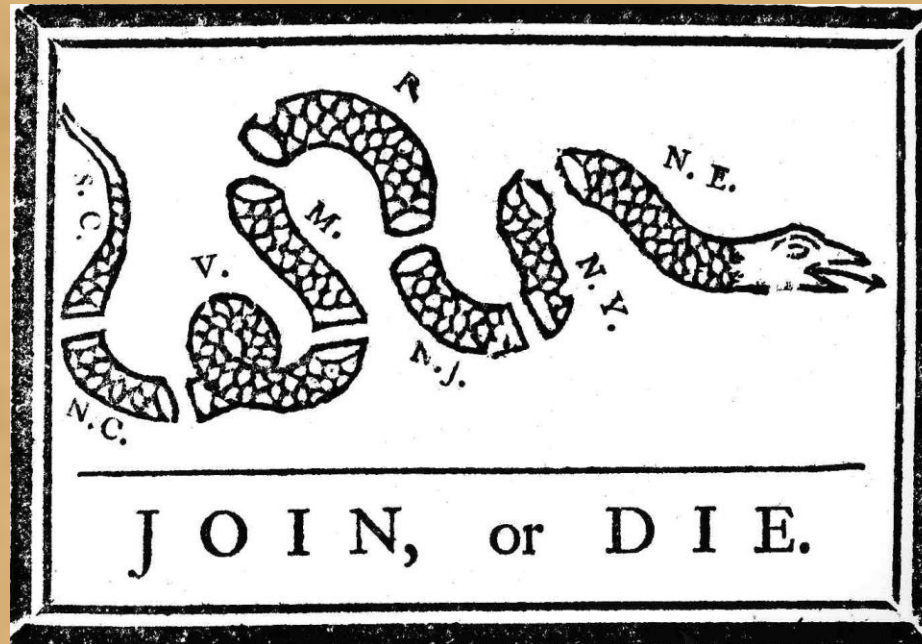
The Zenger trial helped establish which democratic principle in Colonial America?



What war was fought between Britain and France for control of North America?



What was the name of the proposal to unite the colonies against the French?

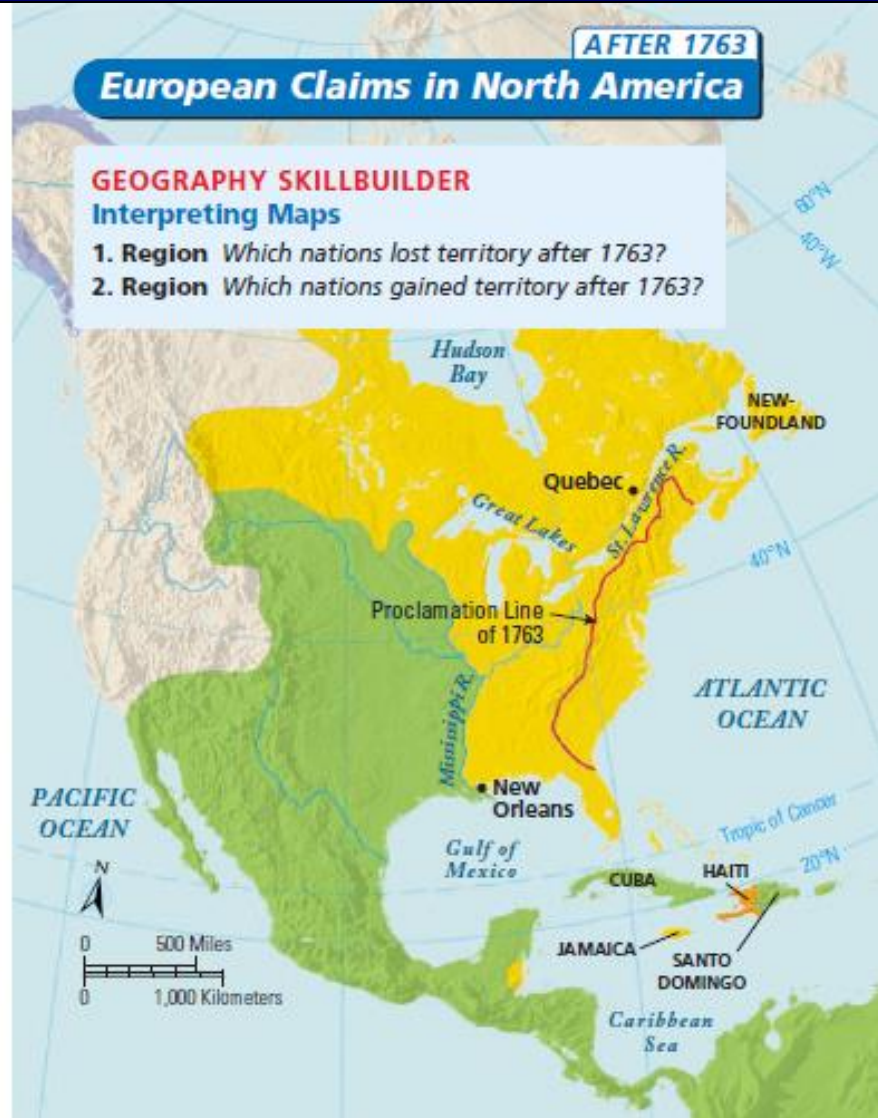


Albany Plan of Union

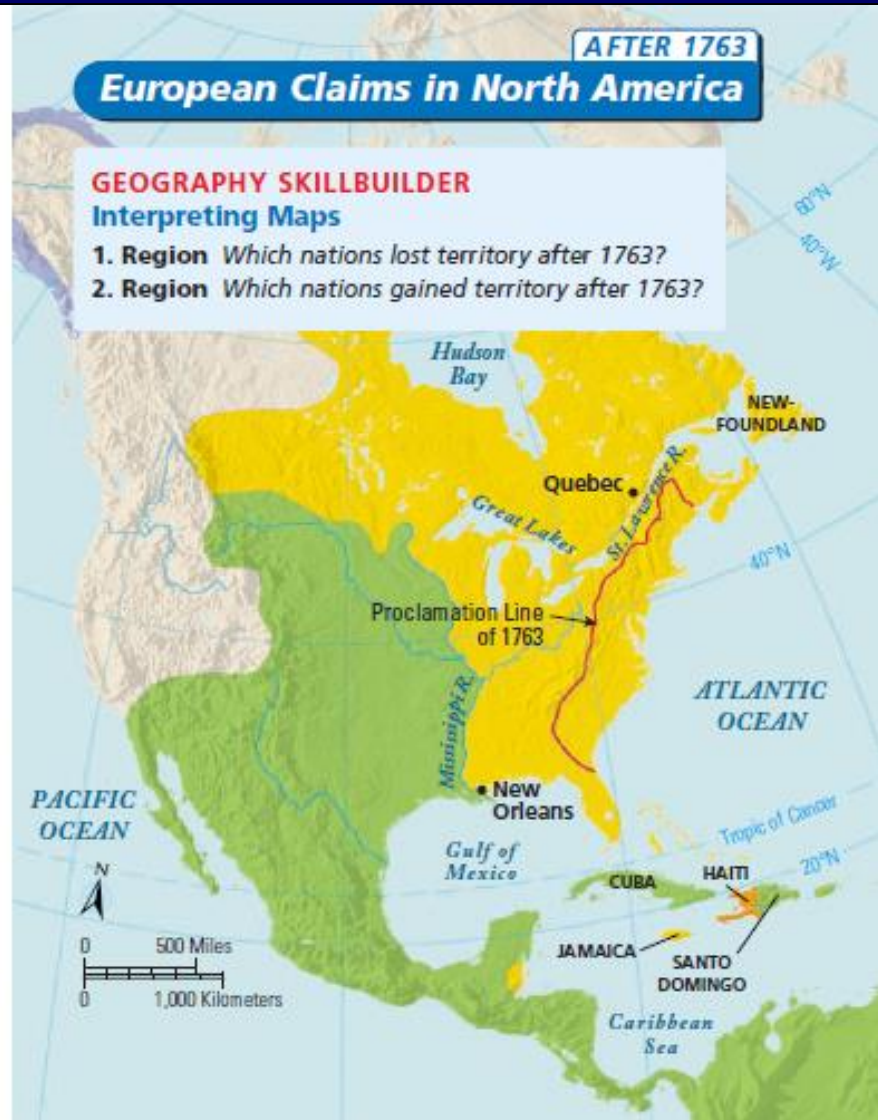


What officially ended the *French and Indian War*?

Treaty of Paris, 1763

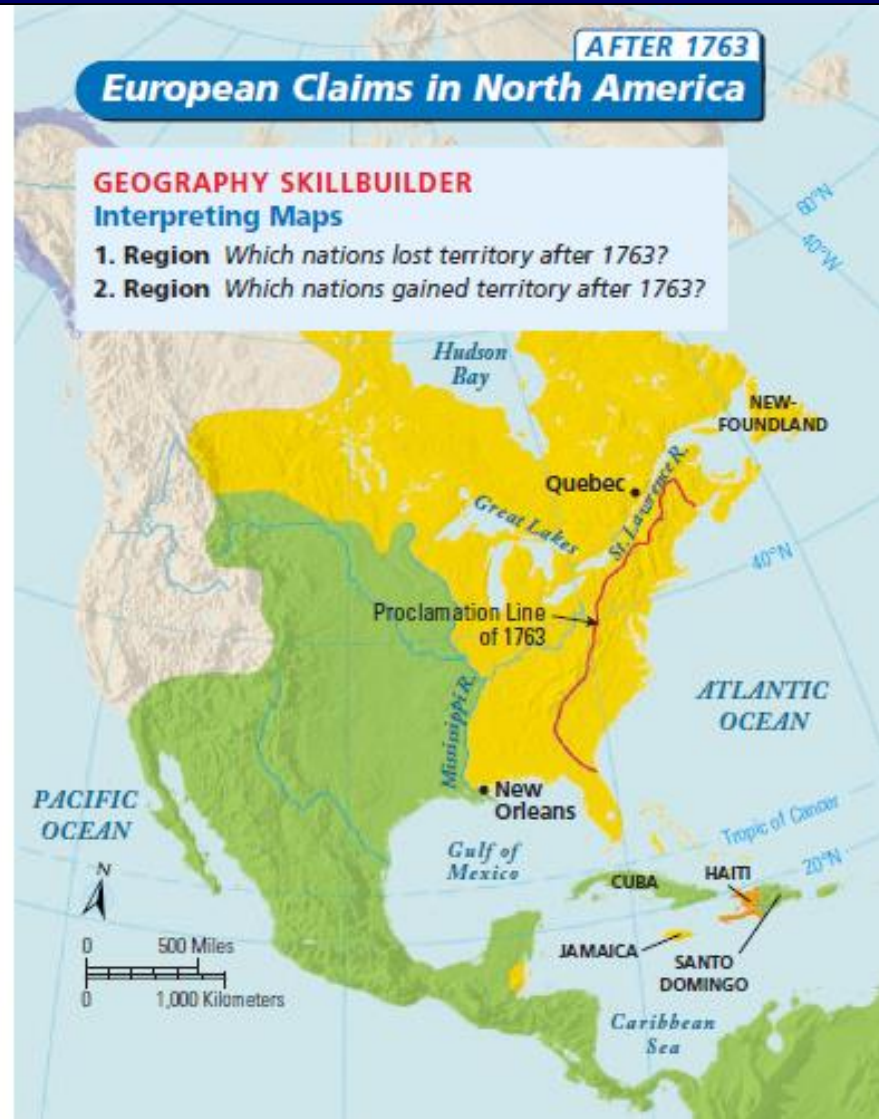


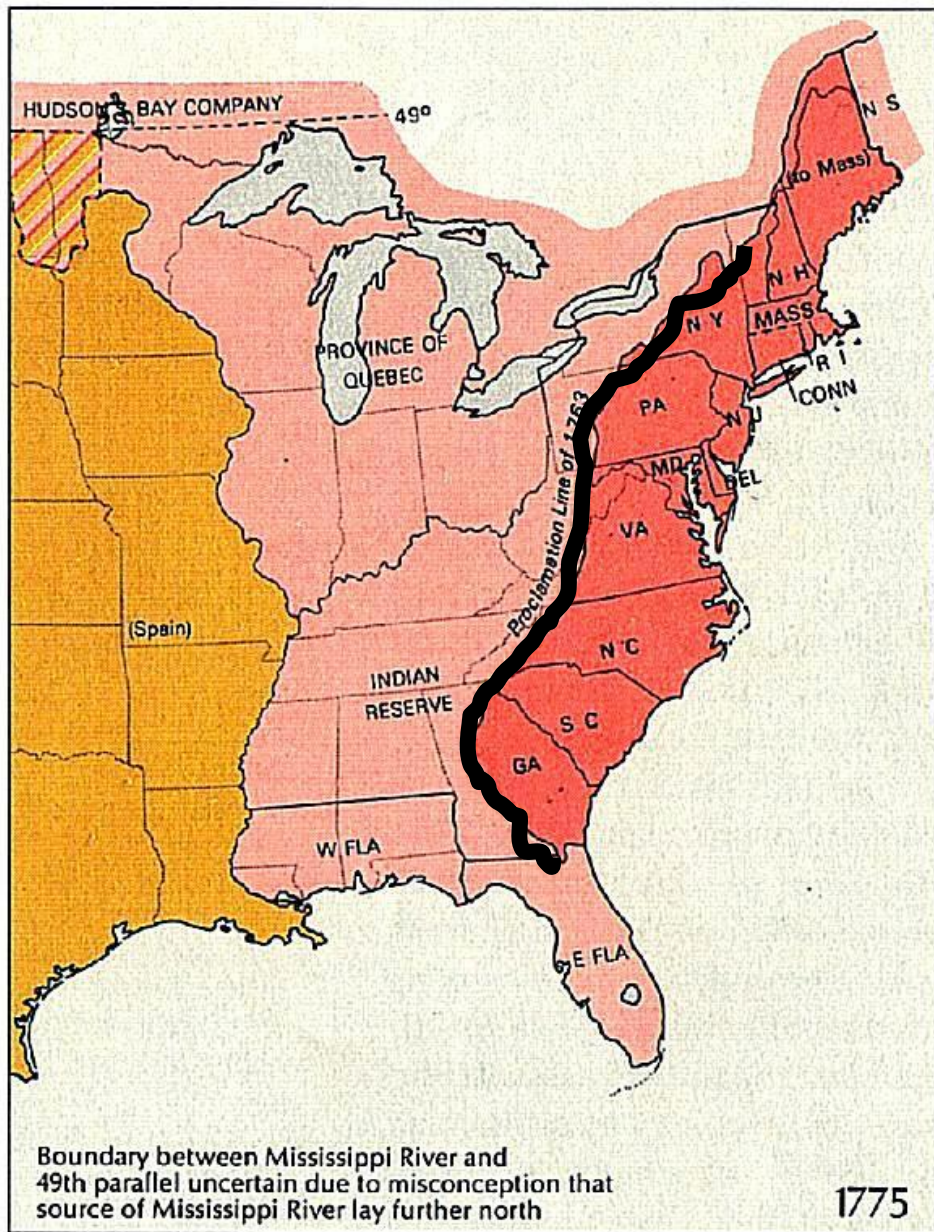
As a result of the *French and Indian War*, Britain went into debt.



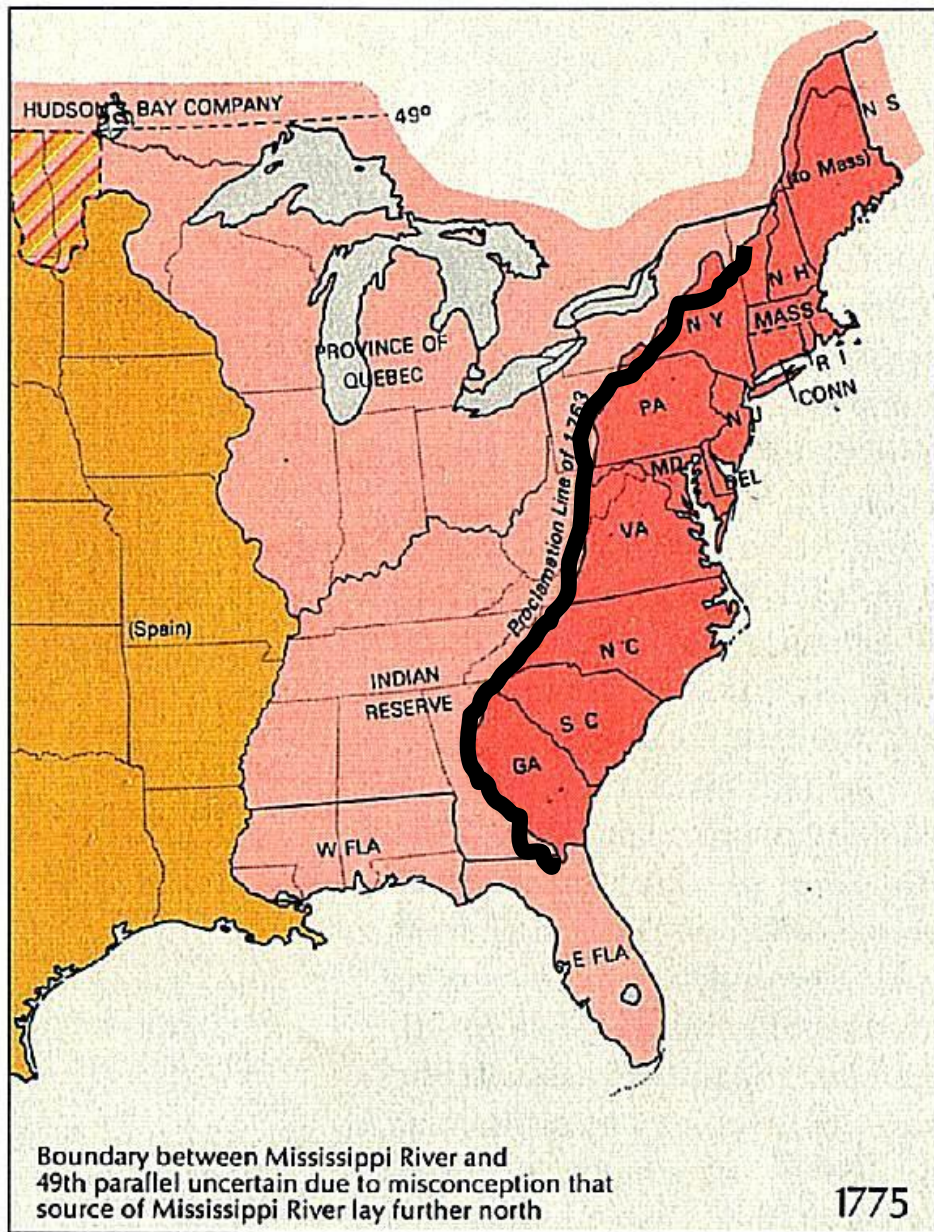
As a result of the *French and Indian War*, what country lost their lands in North America?

France





What law was passed by the British Parliament stating that colonists were not allowed to settle west of the Appalachian Mountains?
Proclamation of 1763



The Proclamation of 1763 ended the policy of salutary neglect.

What did the colonists say to express their anger about being taxed without being able to vote on it?

“No taxation without representation!”
(No tax w/o rep)



**Who was the ruler of Britain during the
American Revolution ?**

King George III



What law did Parliament pass in 1764 that placed a tax on sugar, molasses, and other products shipped to the colonies?

Sugar Act



What law did Parliament pass in 1765 which stated colonists had to house British soldiers and provide them with supplies?
Quartering Act



What tax did Parliament pass that caused the most anger among ALL of the colonists?

Stamp Act

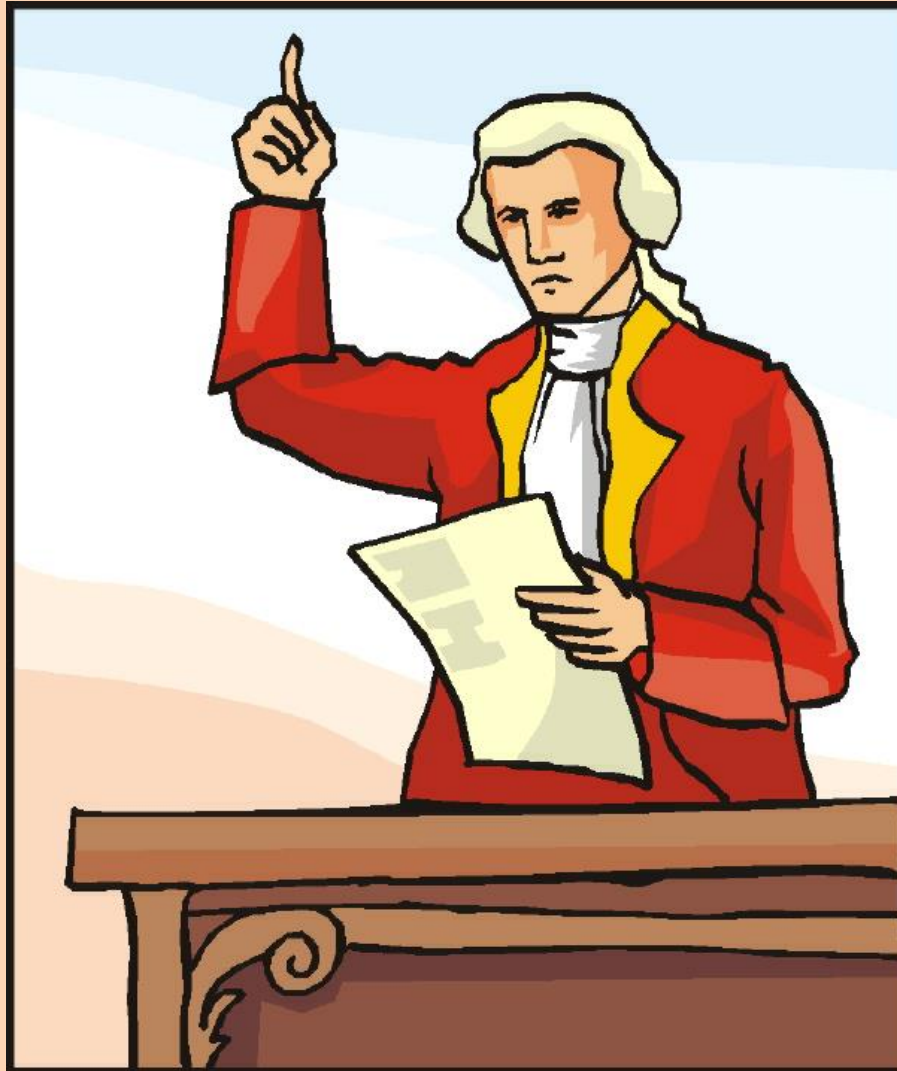


The skull and crossbones was what the colonists thought of it.

The stamp that Parliament required.



“Give me Liberty, or give me death!”
Who said that?
Patrick Henry



**What vocabulary term is used to describe
a refusal to buy?**

Boycott



What secret colonial society was formed to protest the *Stamp Act* and other British policies?



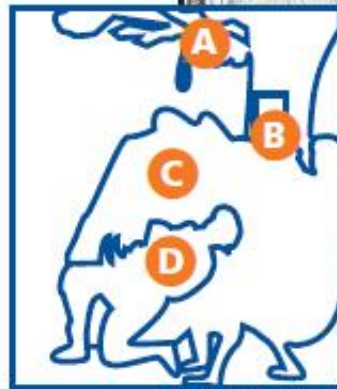
Who in the picture is being tarred and feathered?

British tax collector

Bostonians Paying the Taxman

In this British political cartoon, Americans are depicted as barbarians who would tar and feather a customs official, or tax collector, and pour hot tea down his throat.

- A** Liberty Tree as a gallows
- B** Stamp Act posted upside down
- C** Protesters in Boston
- D** Customs official tarred and feathered



What was the series of laws passed by Parliament in 1767 that established more taxes on many goods?



Townshend Acts

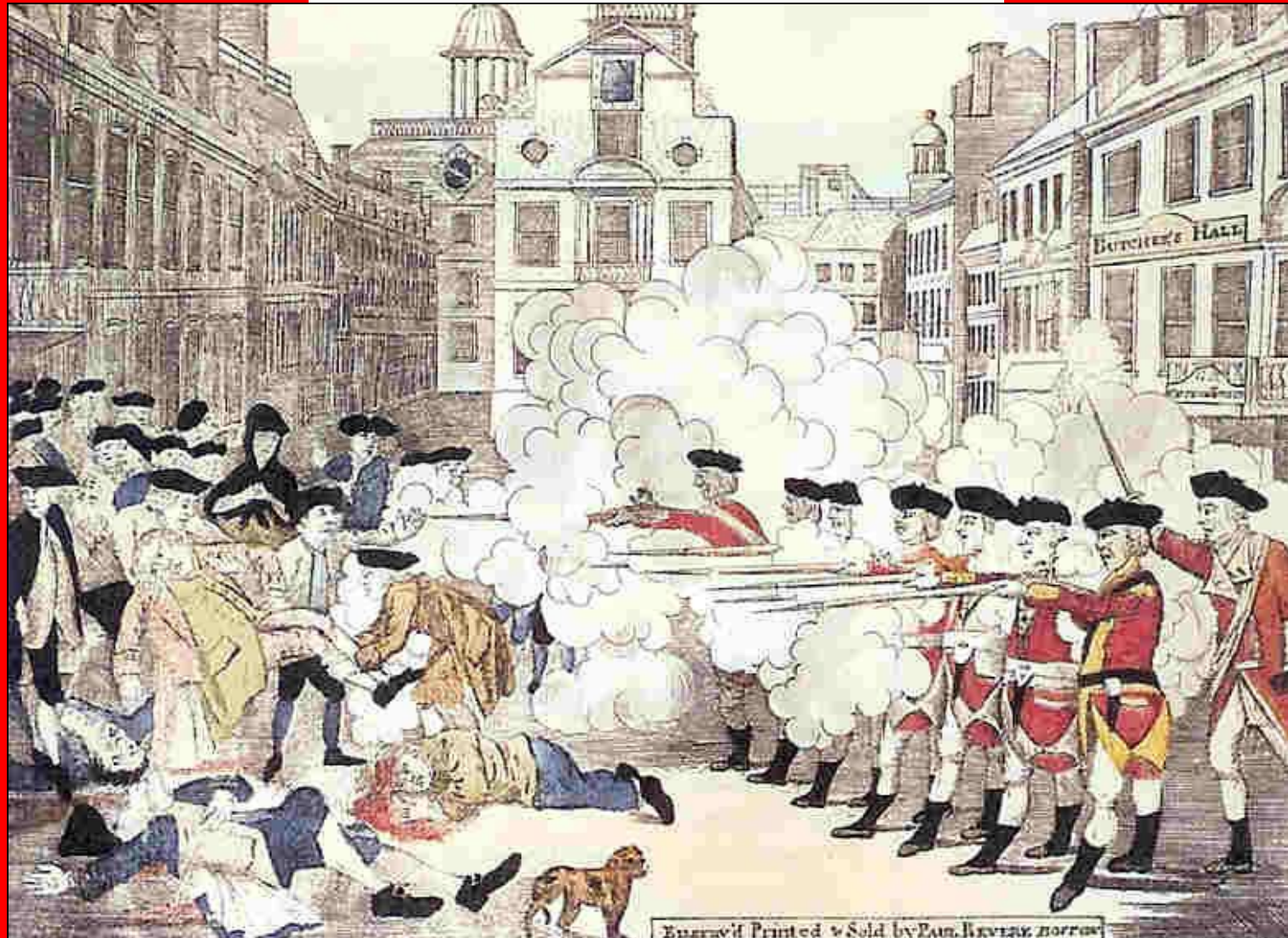
A British tax collector gets tarred and feathered by the Sons of Liberty.

What Patriot was a leader of the *Sons of Liberty*?



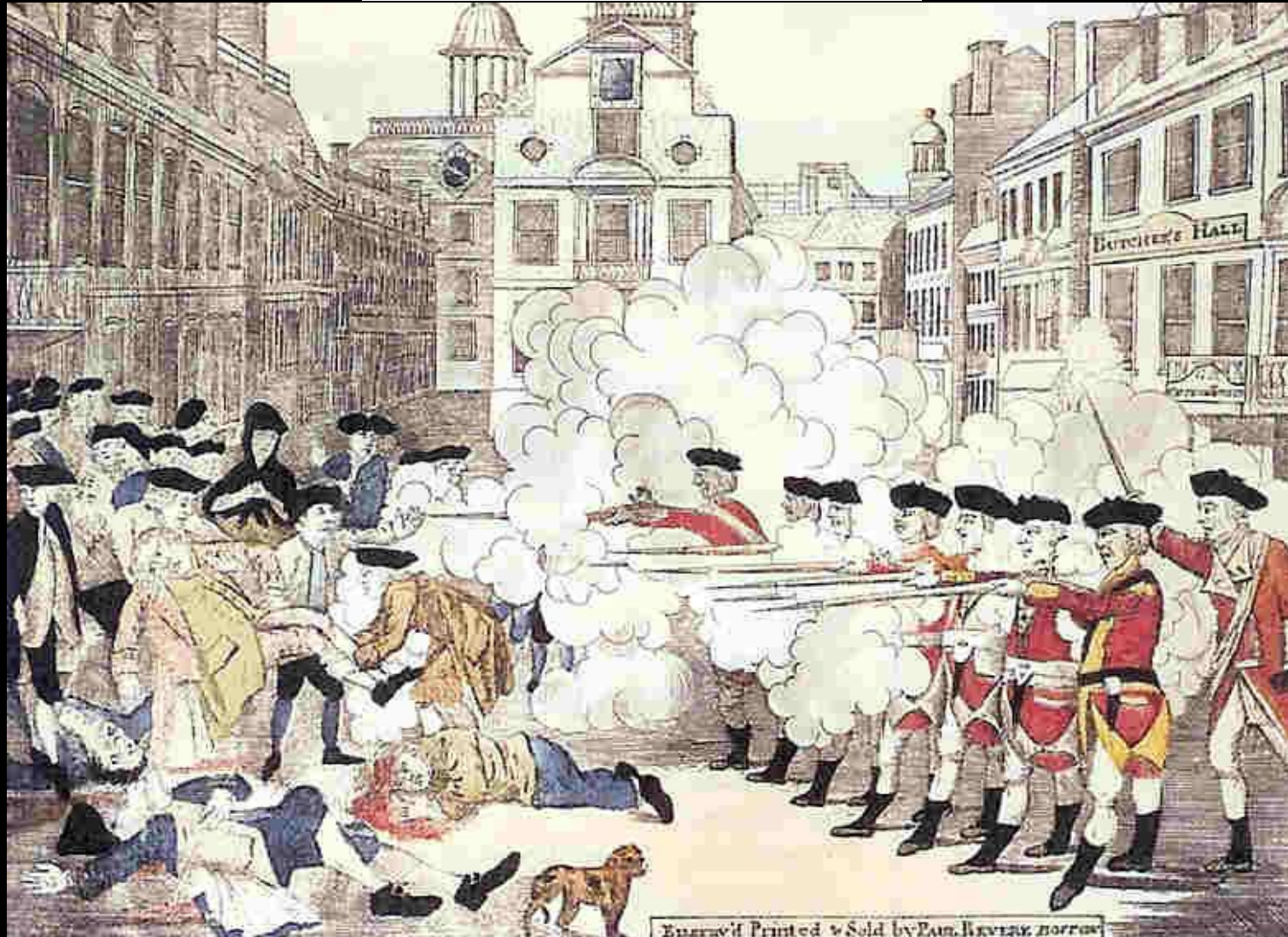
What event is depicted in the picture?

Boston Massacre



What former slave was killed here? He was the first American killed in the American Revolution?

Crispus Attucks



What law did Parliament pass in 1773 that required colonies to purchase tea from the British East India Company?

Tea Act



What is the name of the event in which colonists dumped the British tea into the harbor?

Boston Tea Party



In 1774, what did Parliament pass in response to the *Boston Tea Party*? Intolerable Acts

CAUSE AND EFFECT: Growing Conflict Between Britain and America

DATE	BRITISH ACTION	COLONIAL REACTION
1763	Proclamation of 1763 issued	Proclamation leads to anger
1765	Stamp Act passed	Boycott of British goods; Stamp Act Resolves passed
1766	Stamp Act repealed; Declaration Act passed	Boycott ended
1767	Townshend Acts passed	New boycotts; Boston Massacre (March 1770)
1770	Townshend Acts repealed (April)	Tension between colonies and Britain reduced
1773	Tea Act passed	Boston Tea Party
1774	Intolerable Acts passed	First Continental Congress bans trade; militias organized
1775	Troops ordered to Lexington and Concord, Massachusetts	Militia fights British troops; Second Continental Congress; Continental Army established

What group banned trade after the Intolerable Acts were passed?

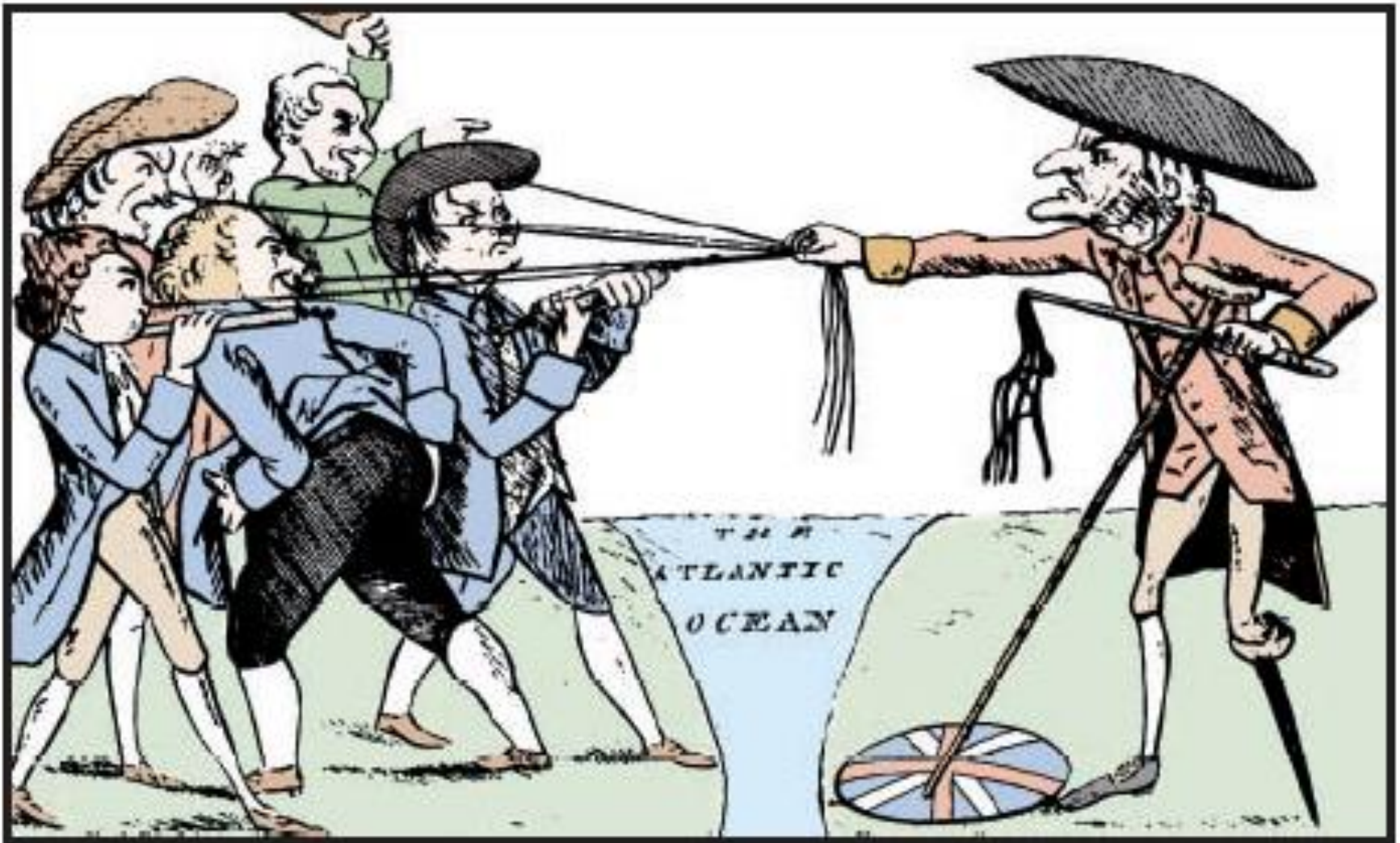
First Continental Congress (1st Cont. Cong.)

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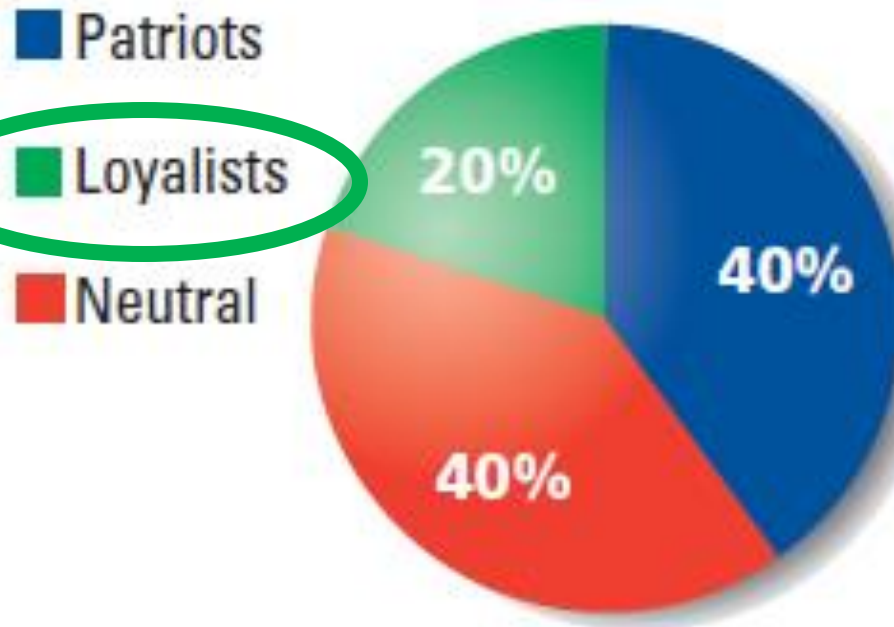
What is happening to England's control over the colonies?

Weakening



What vocabulary term is used to describe those who supported the British?

Choosing Sides

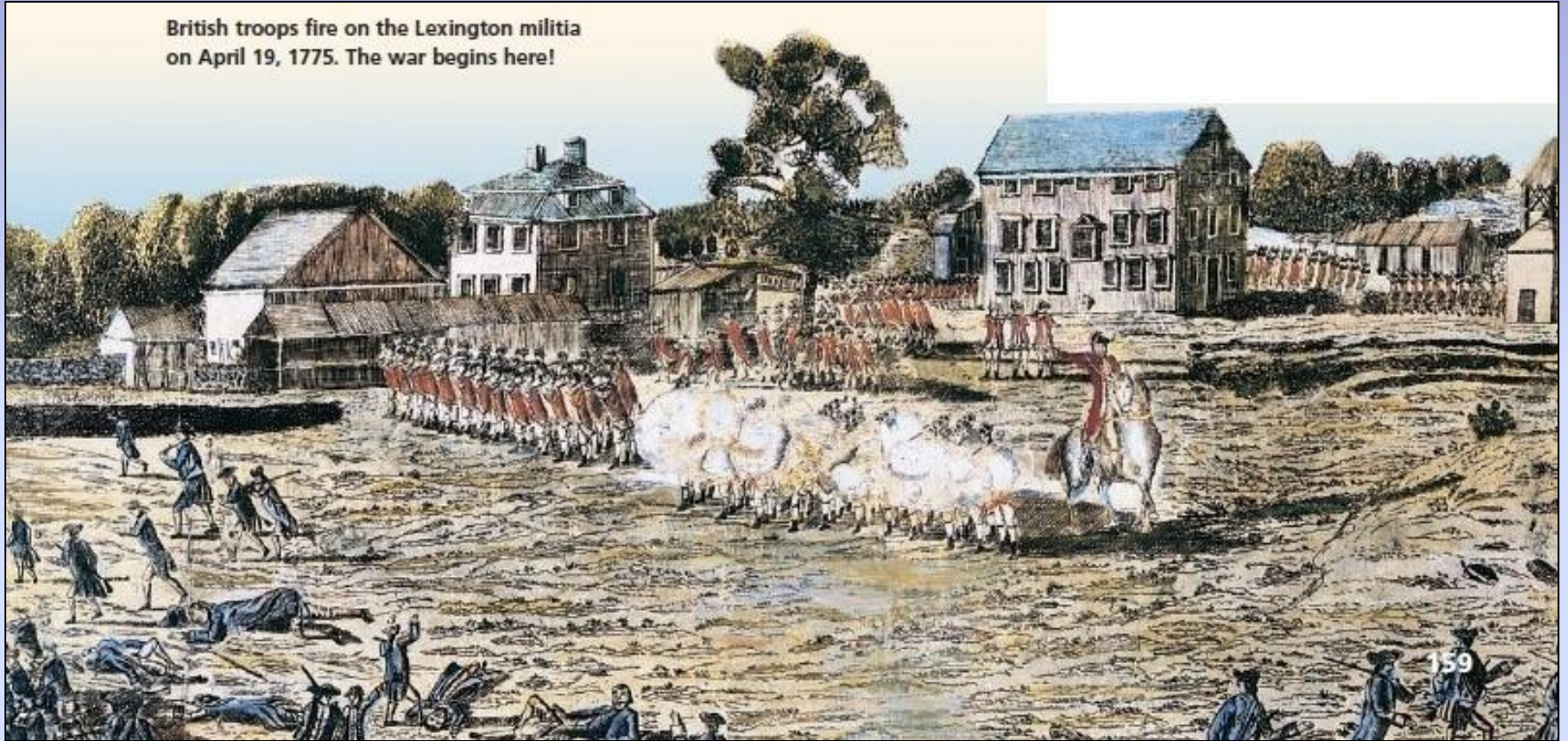


Source: *Blackwell Encyclopedia of the American Revolution*

What was the first battle of the American Revolution?

Lexington

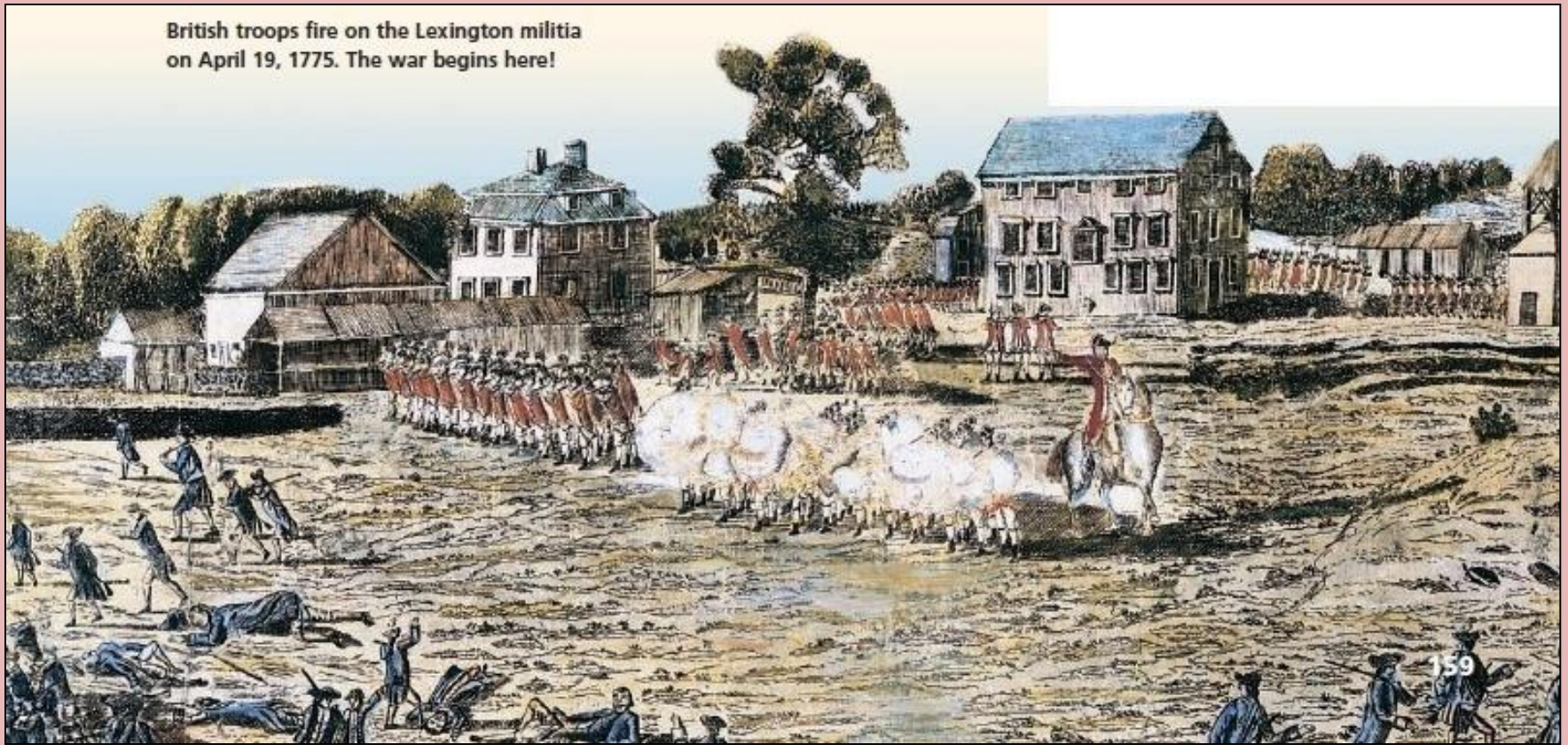
British troops fire on the Lexington militia on April 19, 1775. The war begins here!



What did Ralph Waldo Emerson call the Battle of Lexington and Concord?

“shot heard ‘round the world”
(shot world)

British troops fire on the Lexington militia on April 19, 1775. The war begins here!



A

Army

These were advantages for the

British

Navy

Money

B

Leadership

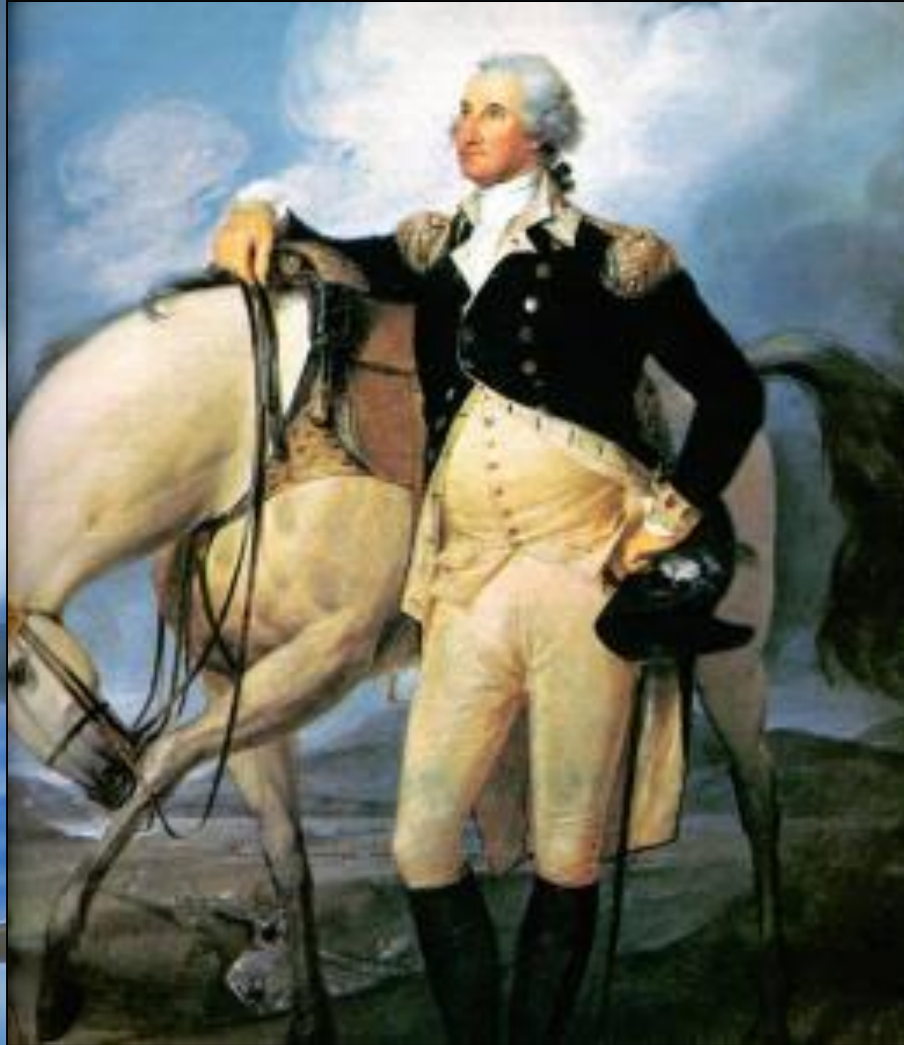
These were advantages for the

Colonists

Land knowledge

Motivation

Who was the Commander of the Continental Army? **George Washington**



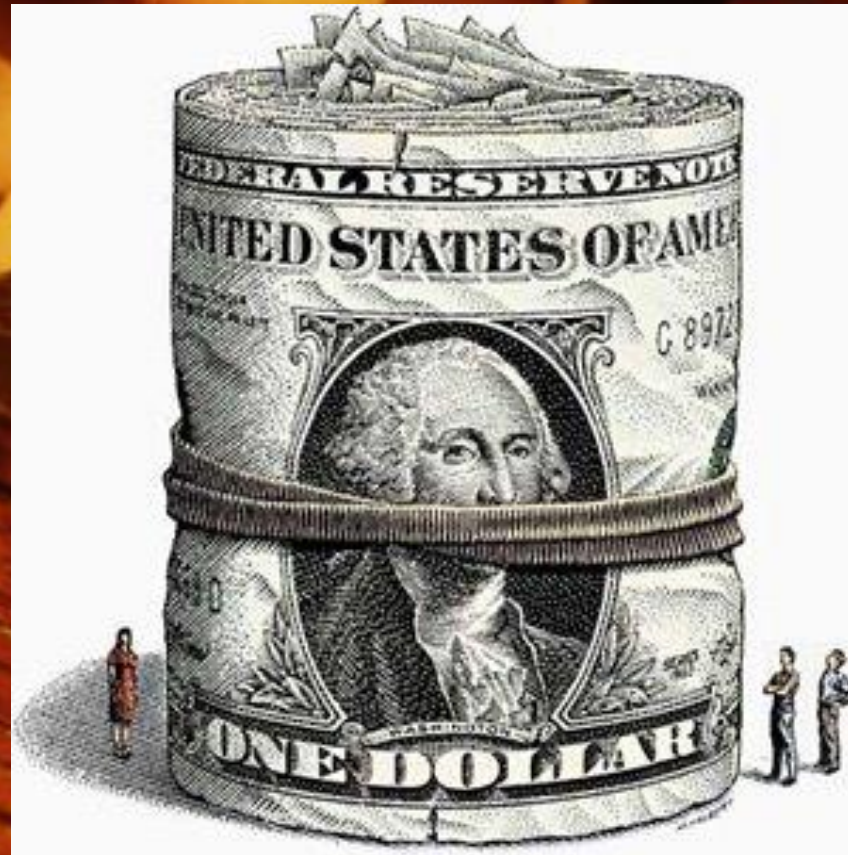
<http://jeremyberg.files.wordpress.com>

**Who published
Common Sense in
an attempt to
convince
Americans that a
complete break
from Britain was
necessary?**

Thomas Paine



Free enterprise is a system in which businesses and property are privately owned and people work for profit.



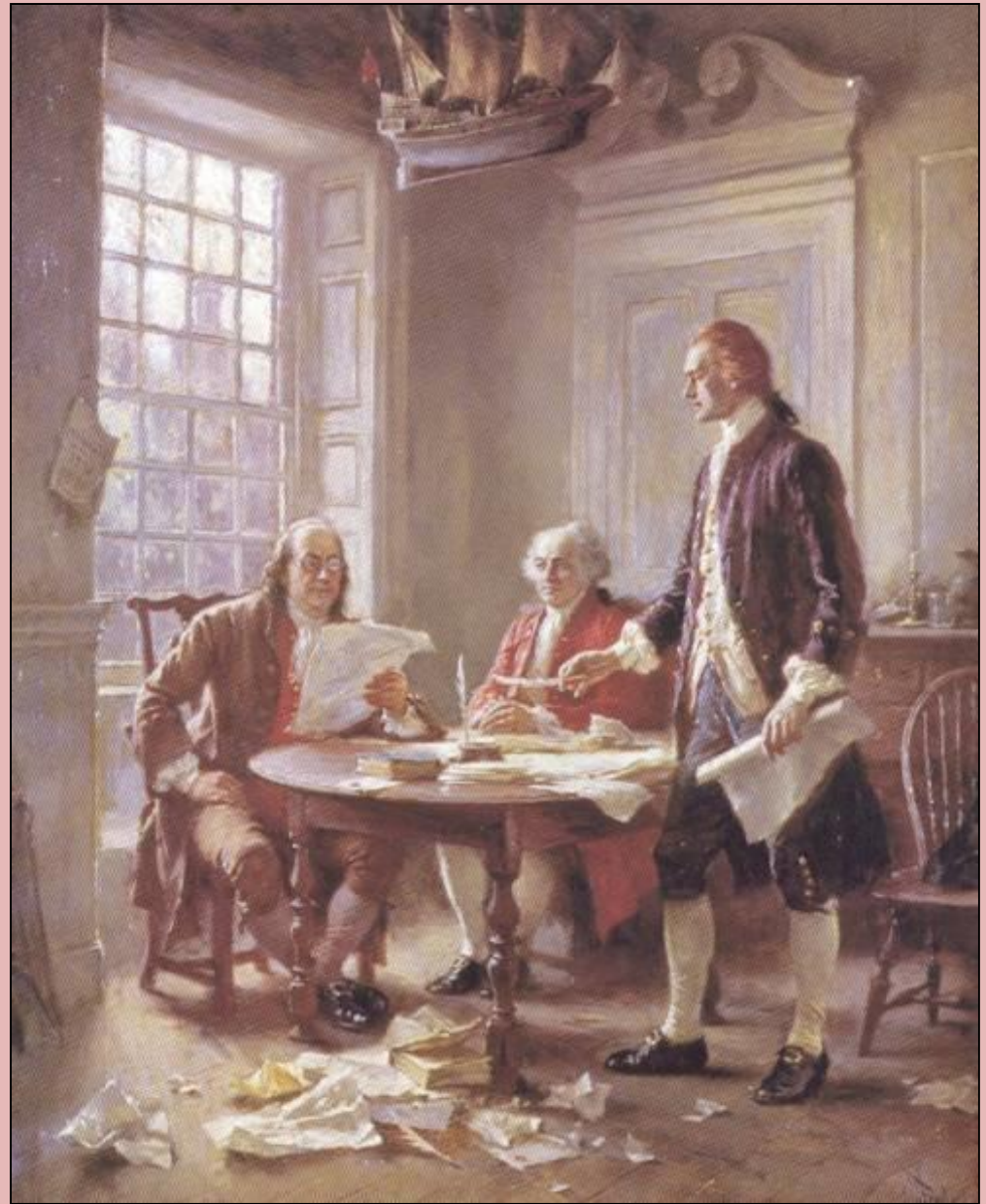
**On what date was the
Declaration of Independence adopted?**

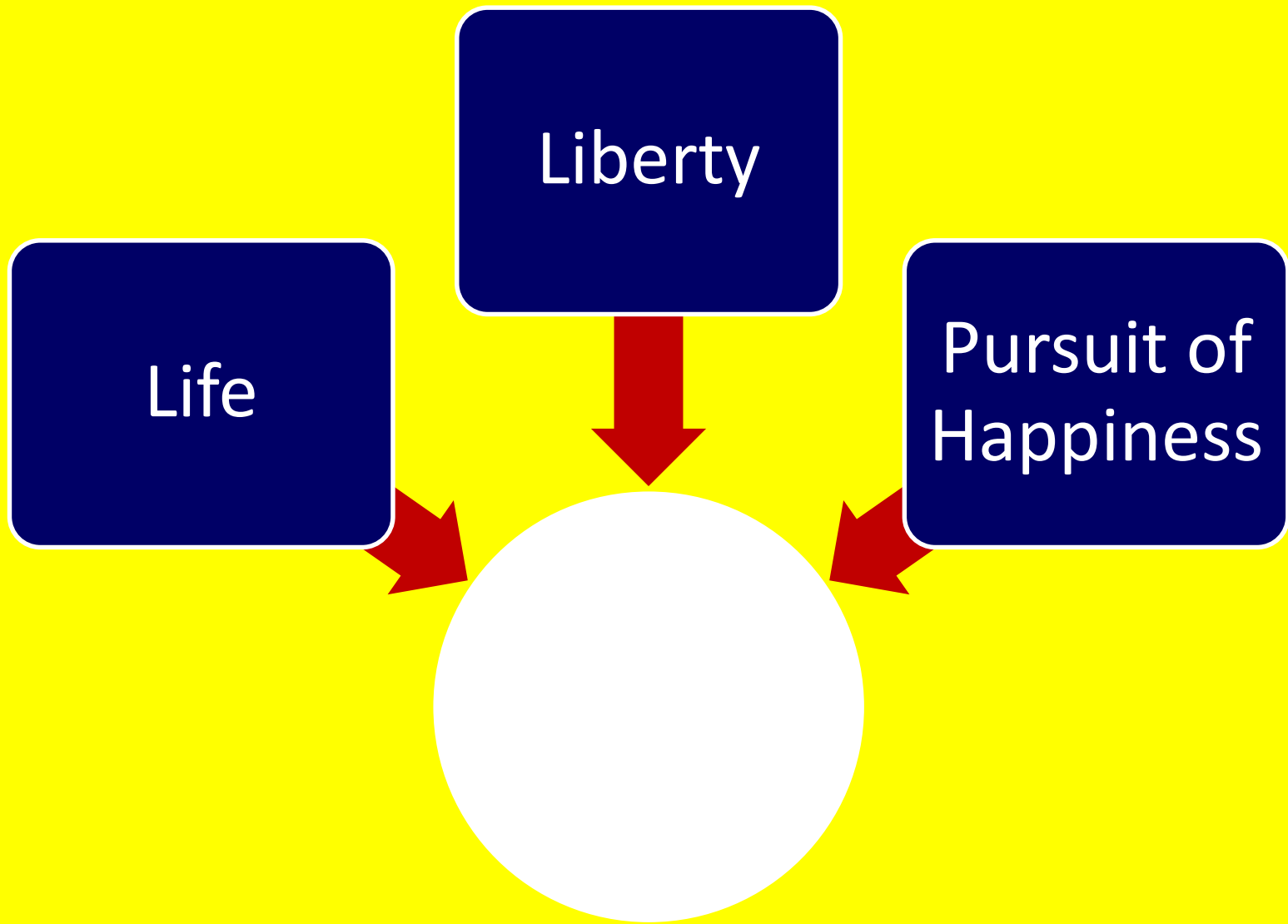
July 4, 1776



**Who was the primary
author of the
Declaration of
Independence?**

Thomas Jefferson





From whom did Jefferson borrow the idea of
unalienable rights?

John Locke

Life
Liberty
Property
and the
Pursuit of Happiness

(Your rights. Unalienable.
Don't let anybody take them away.)



**What vocabulary
term describes
German mercenaries
that fought for the
British?**

Hessians

What river did Washington cross with his men on December 25, 1776?

Delaware River



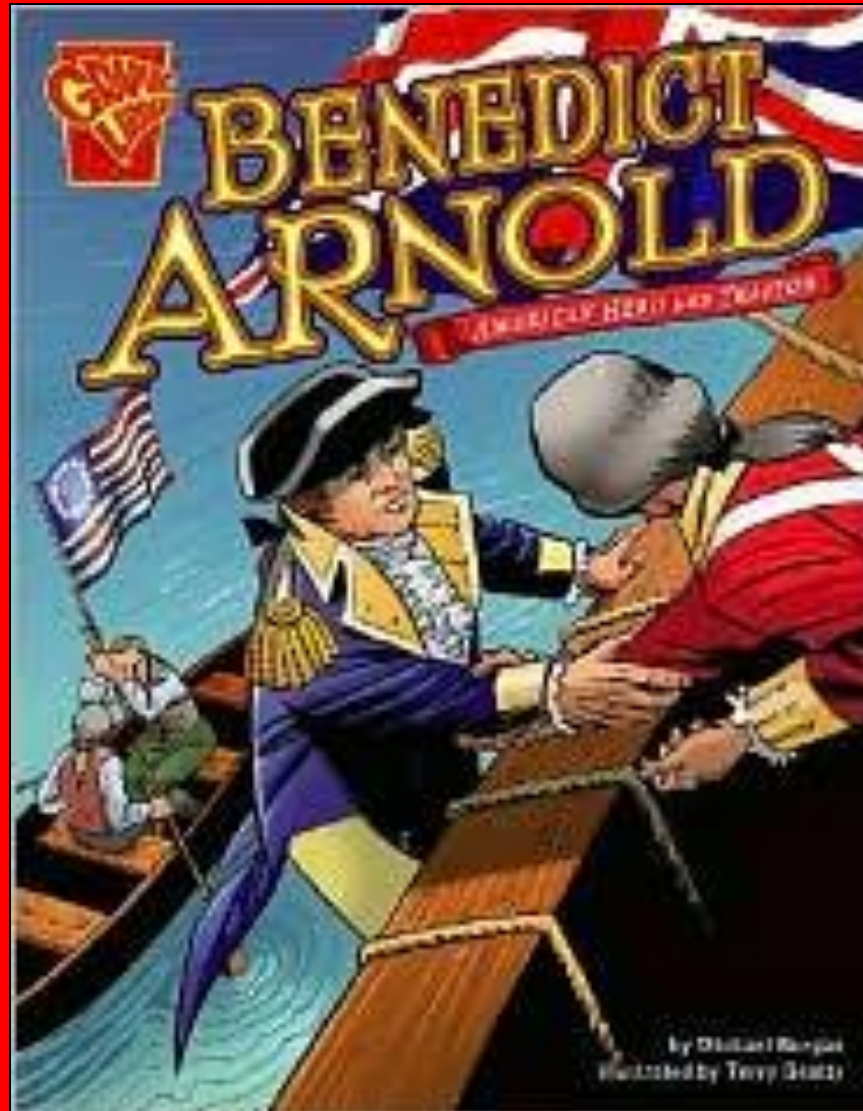
What 1777 battle is considered the turning point of the *American Revolution*?



The *Battle of Saratoga* is considered the turning point in the American Revolution because France joined the Americans.



Who is considered a traitor to the United States?



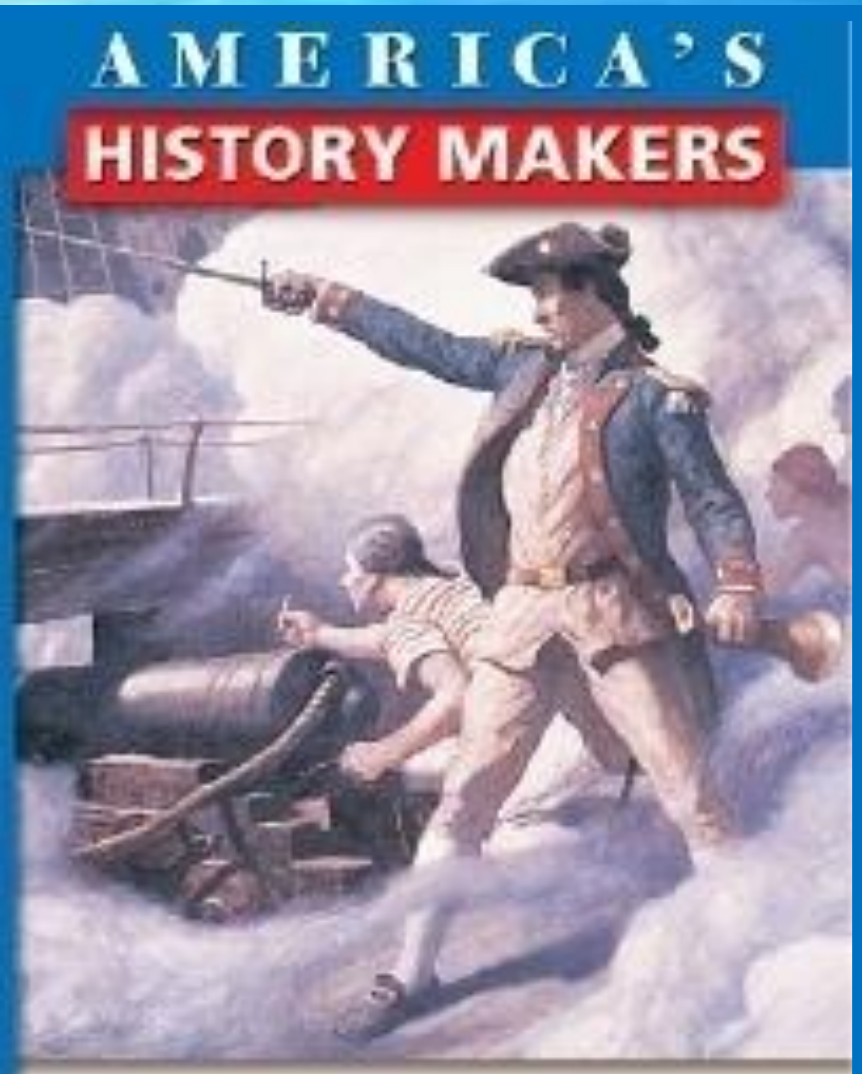
Where did Washington spend a harsh winter with his troops?

Valley Forge, PA

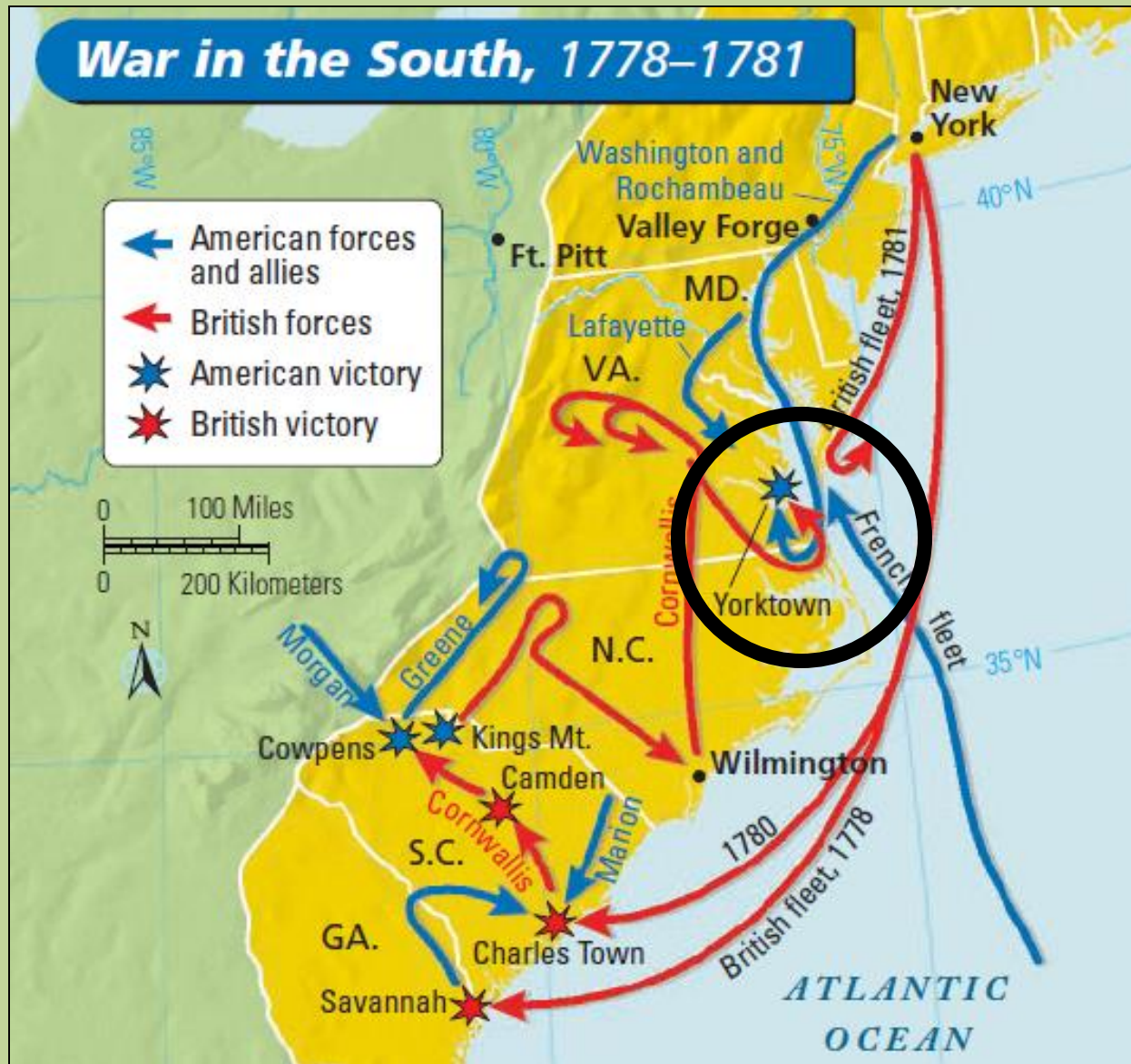


<http://www.scienceviews.com/parks/images/SIA1873.jpg>

**Who was the first
American Naval
hero who is famous
for his quote, "I
have not yet begun
to fight!"**



What was the last battle of the American Revolution?



What British General surrendered at the Battle of Yorktown? Lord Cornwallis



What officially ended the *American Revolution?* Treaty of Paris 1783



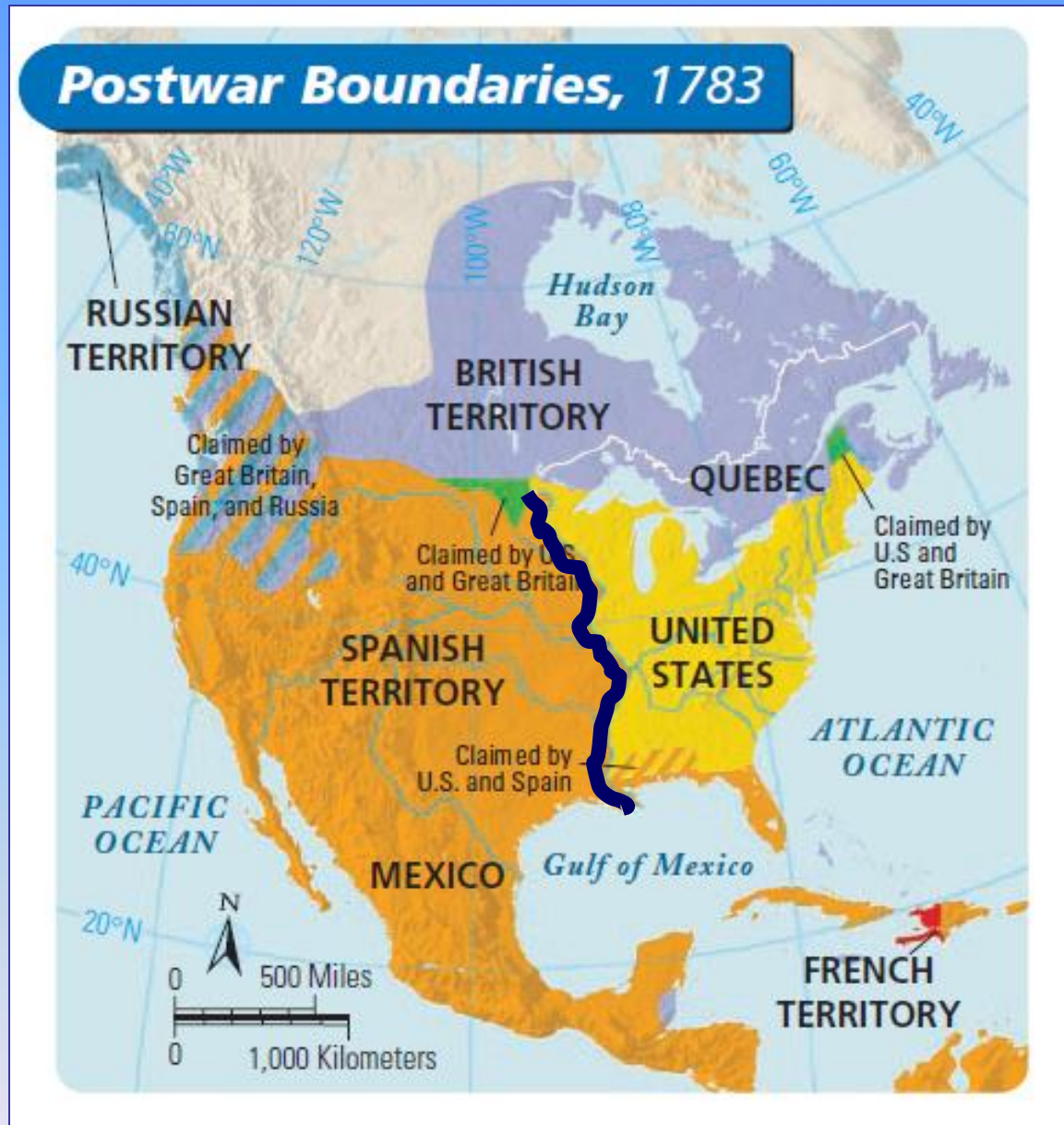
HISTORY through ART

The American painter Benjamin West began a portrait of the men who negotiated the Treaty of Paris. But the British officials refused to pose, so West never finished the painting. From left to right are the American officials John Jay, John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, and two others.

What does this painting reveal about the British response to losing the war?

As a result of the Treaty of Paris 1783, what was the Western boundary of the United States?

Mississippi River



Number these in the correct chronological order.

3 a. Revolutionary War

1 b. Establishment of Jamestown

4 c. War of 1812

2 d. Establishment of Plymouth

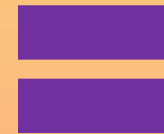
5 e. Civil War

Name the effect.

**Desire for
political
freedom**



**Desire for
religious
freedom**



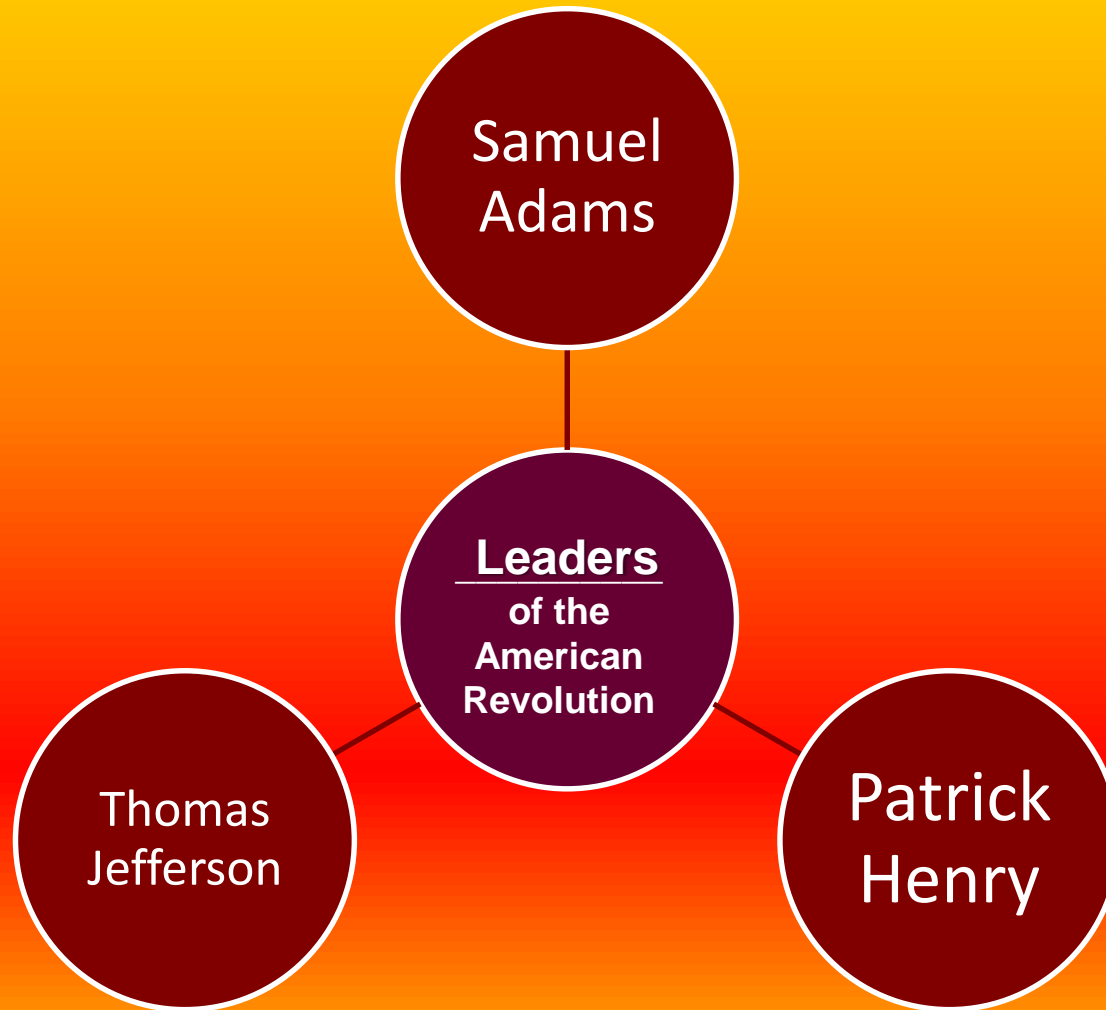
Immigrants

CAUSE

CAUSE

EFFECT

Complete the missing circle.



Circle the term that does not belong.

a. Coffee

b. Sugar

c. Tea

d. Stamp

TOPIC: Taxes

Number these in the correct chronological order.

2 a. Declaration of Independence

5 b. Uncle Tom's Cabin

3 c. Constitution

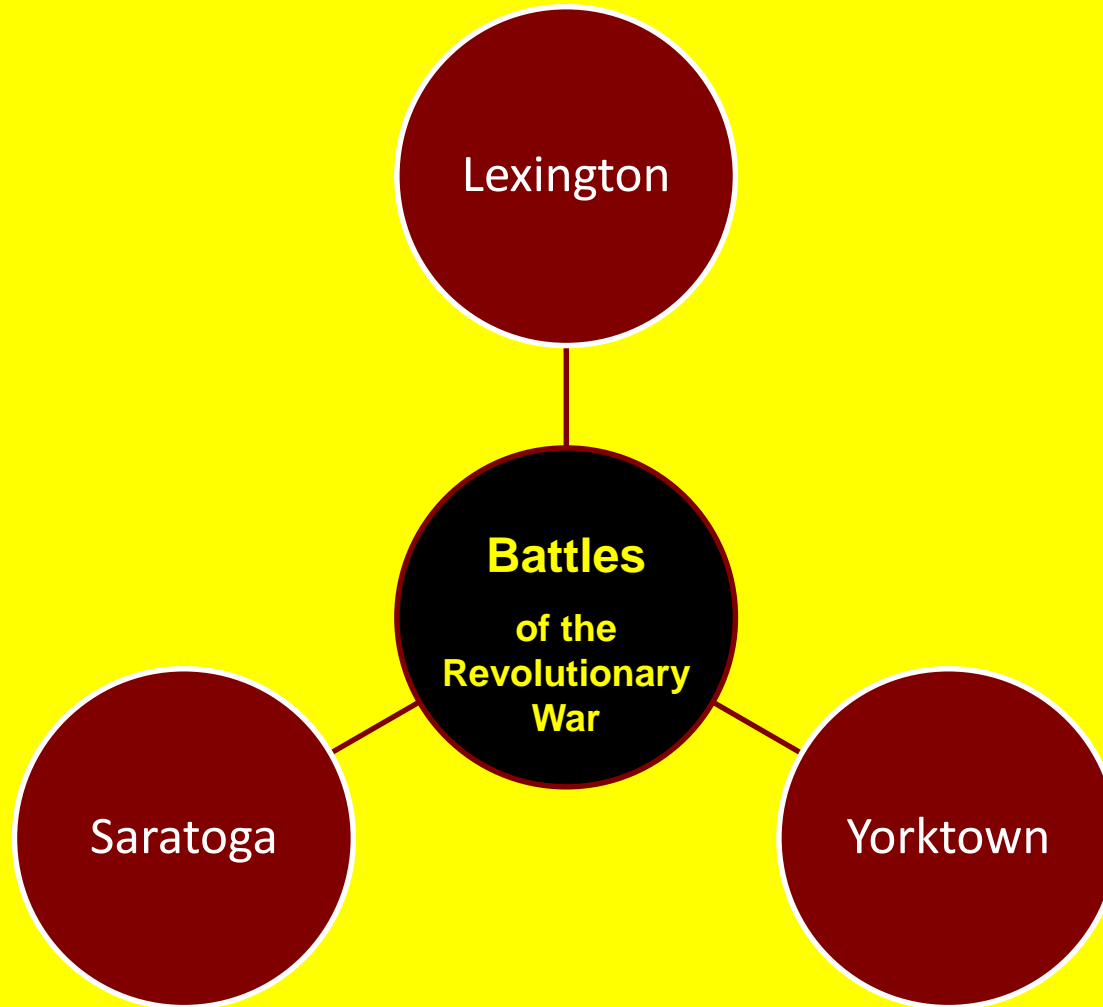
1 d. Magna Carta

4 e. Bill of Rights

Name the effect.



Complete the missing circle.



Circle the term that does not belong.

a. Fundamental Orders of Connecticut

b. Mayflower Compact

c. Declaration of Independence

d. House of Burgesses

TOPIC: Documents

Number these in the correct chronological order.

1 a. Washington

4 b. Lincoln

3 c. Jackson

2 d. Jefferson

5 e. Johnson

Name the effect.

Proclamation
of 1763



Taxes



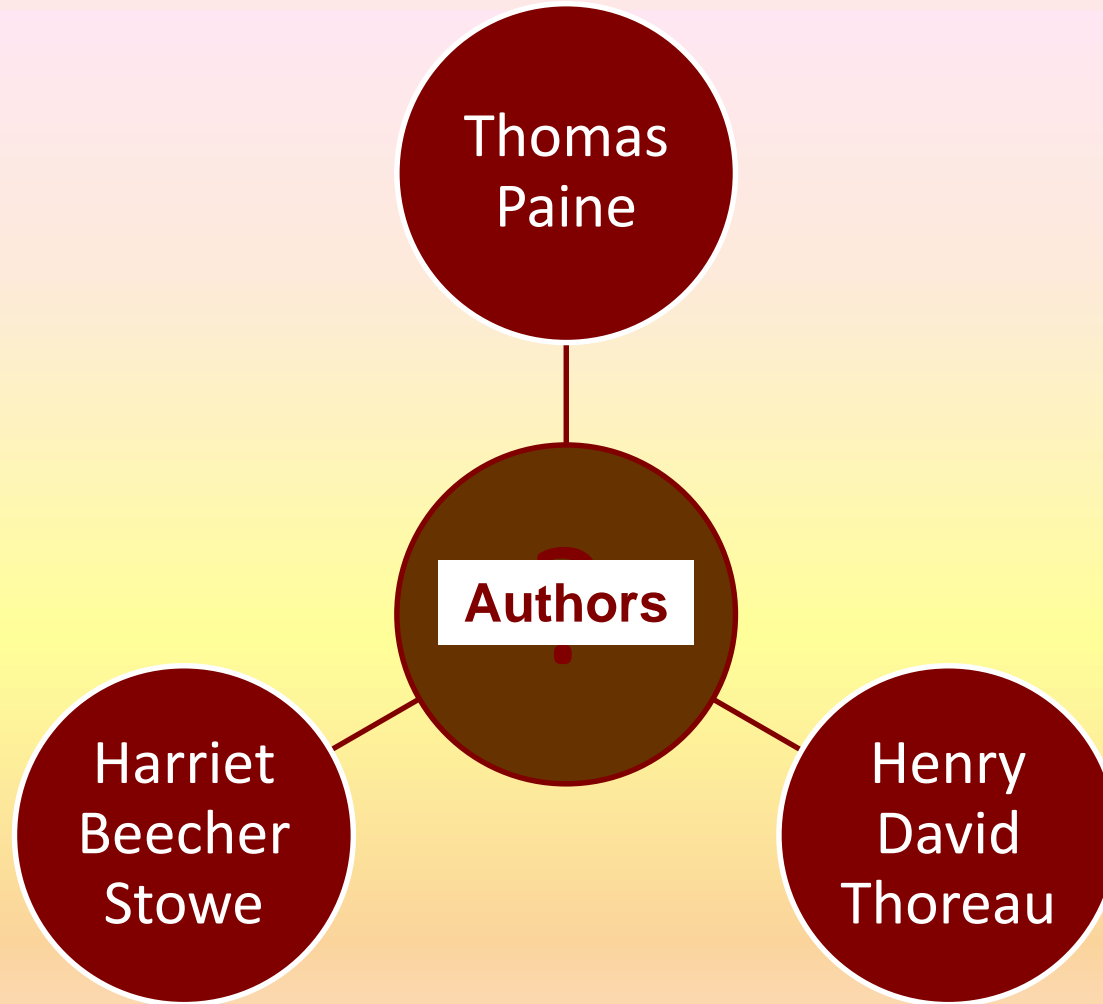
American
Revolution

CAUSE

CAUSE

EFFECT

Complete the missing circle.



Circle the term that does not belong.

a. Virginia

b. Massachusetts

c. Texas

d. Pennsylvania

TOPIC: Original colonies

Number these in the correct chronological order.

2 a. Proclamation of 1763

3 b. Tea Act

1 c. French and Indian War

5 d. Declaration of Independence

4 e. Boston Tea Party

Name the effect.



Number these in the correct chronological order.

2 a. Treaty of Paris 1763

4 b. Treaty of Paris 1783

1 c. French and Indian War

3 d. Revolutionary War

5 e. Constitution

Name the effect.



Circle the term that does not belong.

a. Lexington

b. Antietam

c. Saratoga

d. Yorktown

TOPIC: Revolutionary War battles